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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
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WEDDING CARDS, POSTERS, VISITING CARDS, HANDBILLS, BUSINESS CARDS, PROGRAMMES, BALL CARDS, BILLHEADS, FANCY SHOW CARDS, DODGERS, BILLS OF FARE, STATEMENTS, WINE CARDS, PAMPHLETS, LAW CASES AND POINTS, CIRCULARS, BOOKS, Etc.,
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Two plates of glass have been made in Pittsburg of such size that they cannot be loaded on cars and taken through the tunnels on the Pennsylvania Railroad to Philadelphia, where they are to be used in building. Consequently they have got to be shipped around by river and ocean.

The London News says that a number of firms dealing with large houses in Germany and other continental countries have received notice that after a certain date Volapuk, the much talked of universal language, will be systematically used by their continental customers for the purpose of international correspondence.

Chippewa Indians are annoying the Wisconsin loggers. They divide up into bands of 10 to 15, scatter through the forests, and pitch their tents always in the neighborhood of a logging camp. This winter they have been bolder and have even compelled the cooks in some of the camps to prepare them meals when the crew was absent from the shanties.

John Benson, a friendless man living at Indianapolis, has asked the county commissioners to allow him to pass the remainder of his days in the poorhouse, promising on his death, to bequeath to the county $8000 in 4 per cent. government bonds. He says that he has lost all confidence in humanity and has concluded that he would be safer in the poorhouse than anywhere else.

The people of Japan have made voluntary subscriptions of $2,100,000, some $600,000 more than was desired, to the coast defence fund. The sum in excess of that called for will be used in the manufacture of cannon, that industry having been recently established in Japan, at the Osaka arsenal. They are already experimenting with the new Italian composition metal in casting guns.

The richest body of people in this country, as paradoxical as it may seem, is the Osage tribe of Indians at Idaho. Besides the land of the reservation, which belongs to them by title hard to assail, they have about $7,000,000 bearing 5 per cent. interest in the hands of the government. They are paid about $250,000 a year in cash. The entire tribe numbers only 1600, so they are actually the richest body of people we have.

The scientific activity of the age is shown in the fact that the twelve principal chemical societies of the world have an aggregate membership of over eight thousand, nearly all of these members being active contributors to the advancement of chemical science, and publishing their results mostly in periodicals especially devoted to such subjects. Excluding transactions of societies and journals of physics and pharmacy, these chemical periodical's issue annually about twenty thousand pages.

Angora Cats are supplanting the pug dogs in the affections of New York society. It is even declared that it is permissible for ladies to appear in the street with cats. Of course they must be handsome Angora, and elegantly collared and beribboned; if they are not, their presence is an evidence of eccentricity, not fashion. The objection is made that cats cannot be led by a string and are difficult creatures to carry, and therefore it is believed that it is to be short-lived. Certainly a pet that may squirm and scratch when it is carried, or suddenly climb a tree when it is led, is not promotive by its company to the pleasure of a promenade.

A college student at Galesboro, Ill., thought he would play a joke on the Chinaman who lately established a tea store. He did it by reversing a sign that stood in front of the store, and on which was written: "Wanted---300 customers today to buy sun dried tea," and wrote on it, "Wanted---300 cats today to send to Kansas; will pay 25 cents each." Some young urchins saw the sign and in less than two hours there were at and around the tea store, such a crowd of cats as was never before seen. To get rid of the motley crowd of cats and boys 10 cents each was handed the boys and the lot of poor, homeless pussies were let loose on the square, skedaddling in every direction.

A lumber company with a capital of $2 000,000 is about to begin the destruction of the forests of Fresno county, Cal., by the establishment of large saw mills and other appliances for lumbering operations. The mills are expected to turn out 200,000 feet of rough-sawed lumber per day. This will be conveyed to a point about twenty miles from Fresno city by a flume seventy miles long. From the end of the flume lumber will be brought into the city by a dummy railroad. In the city there will be erected a large planing mill and sash, door and blind factory, and all the timber sawed by the mills will be used up in that manner. There is standing in the belt of timber in the mountains, where the saw mills will be built, fully one billion two hundred million feet of lumber, nine hundred million of which is redwood. Fresno county has the largest grove of redwoods in the world, it being thirty-six hundred acres in extent, and the majority of the trees being from twenty to thirty-two feet in diameter. A branch flume twenty miles long will be built to tap this, and a belt of sugar pine and yellow pine, which is estimated to contain seven hundred and fifty million feet.

Epitaph on the Honest Man.

His was the common round of daily toil;
No great, heroic deed was his to do,
But from the dawn until the day was through
He trained the vine or tilled the fruitful soil.
No public place or share of party spoil
Could tempt his honor or his soul subdue;
But in the strife a goodly man and true
Who feared his God and loved his life of toil.
Though by the narrow limits man hath made
To measure man, he is not counted great;
Though human justice be for aye delayed,
And deep oblivion be his earthly fate,
God over all is just; his worth is weighed,
Where gold is gold and none may underrate.
—[George E. Day.

The Old Spinning Wheel.

BY HELEN FORREST GRAVES.

All the night before, Rex Parsons had been planning this thing. He had lain awake, deciding upon the very words he should use, the phrases that were most applicable to the case.

And when at last he stood there in the grassy front yard of the picturesque old farmhouse, with the white-clover pinks blossoming in clusters at his feet, and Nannie leaning on his arm, it seemed as if the cup of his satisfaction had reached its fill.

"You like it, eh, Nan?" said he, glancing around in an apparently indifferent fashion at the low, shingled roof, from which the morning-glory vines tossed their purple cups, the stone door-steps, the old black-walnut tree in the door-yard.

"Like it, Rex!" echoed the bride, enthusiastically. "It's a perfect picture! Who lives here? Can we go in, do you suppose? Could we get a drink of water from that little, gurgling stream, whose waters are as clear as crystal?"

"Of course we can go in," said Rex, with a short, odd laugh. "As for living here, there is no one living here at present. The Thaxters have just moved out, and the house is sold to one Rex Parsons."

Nannie gave a great start.

"Oh, Rex!" cried she. "Do you really mean it? Is—is it our house?"

Rex flung his hat into the air.

"I really mean it," said he. "It's our house; I've bought it. Welcome, dear little Nan, to our new home!"

And Rex kissed Nan, and Nan hugged Rex, and they went all over the house together, like two exultant schoolchildren.

"Such delightful old-fashioned windows," cried Nan, "with the teentiest window-panes one ever saw! Such loves of little closets! Such a grand chimney for open fires!—and, oh, such a garret, Rex!"

"With a regular old-time spinning wheel in it!" shouted Rex. "Only look there, Nannie! Why, Delavarde would give twenty-five dollars for a spinning-wheel like that. It looks as if it might be a hundred years old. I say, puss, when can you be ready to move in?"

"Tomorrow, if you say so," said Nannie, clapping her hands. "We haven't such a deal of furniture, you know, Rex; and it will be such fun, camping down in this delightful, old-timey place, like a couple of gipsies. And Mrs. Dorokias, the landlady, was shockingly cross, yesterday, if you remember, because the parrot would persist in squalling when she wanted to take her nap. It will be such a luxury to have a home of one's own!"

"You're sure you won't be lonesome here, Nan?" questioned Parsons, "You know I shall have to go down in the train that leaves Wayborough at eight o'clock, and I shan't be able to return until six in the evening."

"But how lovely it will be on Sundays and holidays," said Nannie. "And then the long summer evenings, when we can tie up the roses and gather honeysuckles and watch the sunsets from the front porch, and feel that all the green, lovely things around us are our own. And I'll tell you what, Rex—why shouldn't I invite Sophy Wilkins to stay with me here until I get settled? She has got so much taste about muslin draperies and chintz lambrequins, and all that sort of thing, and she'll be ever so much company for me while you are away!"

"It's a capital plan!" said Rex.

And so that thing was settled.

Fortunately, perhaps; for Mr. and Mrs. Parsons had scarcely come to inhabit their new house—or, rather, the old house which had newly become their own— for twenty-four hours, when the conductor of the evening train sent a boy up to "The Gloaming," as Nannie had rechristened the spot from its original name of "Grubb's Corners," with a note to Mrs. Parsons from her husband.

"MY DARLING NANNIE," it ran: "Our senior partner sails for Europe to-morrow, at noon. We are going over all the books to-night, and I can't possibly catch the last train. Shall stay at a hotel. Such a lucky thing, isn't it, that Miss Wilkins is there to keep you company? Ever your devoted REX."

"You aren't afraid, Nannie, are you?" said Sophy, a trifle doubtfully.

"Good gracious, no!" said Mrs. Parsons. "Poor, dear Rex—what a shame it is to make him work so hard! I do hope he'll be head of the firm one of these days, and then perhaps he'll have a little rest."

Sophy and Nannie locked up the house that night with great form and ceremony, and retired early, in consequence of the fatigue attendant on the sewing of carpets for the room which had been old Mrs. Thaxter's "best parlor," but which Nannie called her boudoir.

At midnight—so far as they could judge from the sepulchral striking of a rheumatic old clock on the kitchen-shelf, a sudden wind arose, and Sophy gently touched her friend's arm.

"Nannie," said she, "are you awake?"

"Yes. Why?"

Do you hear the wind banging the doors up stairs?"

"Hear it? I should think I did. Sophy, we must go up stairs and shut the garret window, or the whole house will be blown to pieces!"

And so, clad in blue flannel wrappers and crochet slippers, they crept up stairs, clinging nervously to each other, especially after a particularly energetic blast had blown out the feeble flame of their candle.

"There's a moon, you know," said Nannie, in a slightly tremulous voice.

"Oh, yes!" said Sophy. "It isn't at all worth while to go back after another candle."

But the light that gleamed athwart the dreary, gaunt floor, from the uncurtained window-panes, revealed a sight that made their flesh quake. A tall, spectral figure stood beside the shadowy outline of the spinning-wheel. For an instant the vivid moonbeams, emerging from behind the masses of black wind-clouds, threw the apparition into strong relief, and then all was darkness as a new rack of clouds swept over the pallid moon.

Like flying birds the two women hurried down stairs, pale with terror, never pausing until they reached the kitchen, where some remains of the evening fire yet smouldered dimly.

"Sophy!" cried Mrs. Parsons, in an agony of terror, "what was that?"

"It's a ghost!" sobbed Sophy. "A ghost! Yes, I'm sure of it. I didn't tell you before, Nannie, because I didn't want to make you nervous; but I'm sure the place is haunted! Such a rattling of chains—"

"It isn't chains," faltered Nannie, "it's only the window fastenings that have come loose, and rattle against the side of the house. Rex says so."

"And such dreadful moanings through the hall."

"It's the draught from the garret windows."

"But how do you account for that?" cried Sophy, pointing upward with a trembling finger.

And Nannie could only reply by hysterical tears and sobs.

"No wonder Rex bought the house so cheap!" said she. "I won't stay in it another night, not if I go out under the apple trees to sleep!"

And she and Miss Wilkins sat up all night, trembling at every gust of wind, growing pale at the sound of little mice scuffling behind the wainscoting.

"I'll never, never spend such a night again!" said Mrs. Parsons, wringing her hands.

When Rex came home he laughed them to scorn.

"Such gooses," said he jeeringly.

"But we saw it ourselves, Rex!" cried Nannie.

"With our own eyes!" added Sophy. "Depend on it, Mr. Parsons, there's some dreadful secret connected with that old spinning-wheel! Do get it out of the house as fast as you can!"

"What nonsense!" said Rex.

But nevertheless he ran up stairs to take, as he expressed it, "another look at the thing."

Presently he came down again, rather flushed, and inclined to be angry.

"Why couldn't you have told me?" said he.

"Told you what?" questioned Nannie.

"That you brought that spinning-wheel down."

"We never touched it!" shrieked Sophy and Nannie, in chorus.

"Then, where is it?"

"Why, up in the garret, by the big centre beam, isn't it?"

Rex stamped his foot in vexation.

"There's nothing in the garret but your grandmother's old set of china, that the expressman broke so badly, three bags of hops, hanging from nails, and an empty trunk," said he.

Sophy looked at Nannie. Nannie broke into a violent fit of shuddering.

"There's witchcraft in it," said she. "I knew there was. Oh, Rex, take me away from this horrible place! I can't breathe easily under this roof!"

"Stuff!" cried Rex.

Nannie began to cry.

"You—you said you loved me!" she wailed.

"So I do!" reasoned Rex. "But you know, my darling, all this is so utterly unreasonable."

Nevertheless, Nannie persisted in her unreasonableness to that degree that Rex, with his hands thrust irately into his pockets, and his hat balanced belligerently on the back of his head, went down to see Farmer Thaxter, who, after parting with the homestead of his forefathers, had stolidly set up in the general grocery, shoe, crockery and dry-goods line, about three miles down the road.

"Look here, Thaxter," said he, "this is a mean trick that you've served me."

"Squire," said Thaxter, dusting his hands, after measuring out three pounds of black tea for a customer, "I'm hanged if I know what you're talkin' about!"

And then, as succinctly as possible, Rex told the story of the ghost and the spinning wheel.

Farmer Thaxter smote the pine counter with the flat of his hand.

"Wal, there!" said he. "Didn't I tell you so? But you know, squire, what women folks is. You can't make 'em believe nothin', when once their mind is made up; and Aunt Achsah would have her own way, spite of all I said to her. Ye see, squire, the old spinnin'-wheel b'long-to her, and it was somehow overlooked when the other things was took away. And Aunt Achsah, she's that childish and old she didn't give us a minnit o' peace about that there spinnin'-wheel.

"Says I, 'It ain't wuth nothin' to us, nor to anybody else.'

"Says she, 'There ain't nothin' about the place as I set store by like I do that wheel. I'm goin' to hev it.'

"But we didn't pay no attention to what she said, bein' she was dretful old and queer. Last night, mother woke me up, and says she:

"'Job, there's a dretful chatterin' down stairs. I'm mortal sartin,' says she, 'it's burglars. Get up and see, Job,' says she.

"But it warn't burglars, squire. It was Aunt Achsah, a-trundlin' in that everlastin' spinnin'-wheel o' hern, as she'd been across lots to fetch. And she told mother afterwards how she'd hoisted it outer the window with an old clothes-line, and what a scare she'd had, with two wimmen comin' with a candle to see what all the noise was, an' how she'd hid ahind the chimney till they'd cleared out, and then crept daown the back stairs and got out by way of the harness-room door, where the bolt rusted away ten years ago. And I'm sorry, squire, you've had such an annoyance, but now that Aunt Achsah's got her spinnin'-wheel, I'll guarantee it shan't happen ag'in. And you may tell your women-folks so."

Thus ended Nannie Parsons' superstitious terrors.

"But I should have liked the old spinning-wheel," said she, "for a relic."

"It seems that Aunt Achsah Thaxter was of the same opinion," observed Rex, with a shrug of the shoulders.

Tangier Customs.

Slaves of every description crowd and quarrel as they fill their quaint earthen jars at one of the broken down fountains from which the whole town is supplied, or go about the streets carrying goatskins, from which they offer water to thirsty passers at so much a drink. As their shrill voices proclaim the freshness and coolness of their stock, one realizes that he has before him an oriental custom which gives new meaning to Isaiah, liii, I, where the prophet calls out, as though hawking the "water of life:" "Ho, every one that thirsteth, come ye to the waters, come buy, without money and without price." These slaves form a considerable part of the population of Tangier. They are mostly of the deep black Guinea negro type, brought from across the Desert of Sahara, though sometimes unfortunates of other races are kidnapped and sold into slavery. Public auctions are frequently held in the main street of the bazaars, at which children can be purchased for from twelve to twenty dollars, while full-grown men and women are sold at prices ranging from fifty to one hundred dollars. Masters have absolute power over their slaves, even that of life and death, and in case of sale transfer them by means of a deed, just as we transfer a farm. Under the circumstances, it is difficult to say whether they are real estate or personal property. —[Cosmopolitan.

The Number Seven in the Bible.

Among the Hebrews the word for solemn swearing is "septenare," or protest by seven. Abraham, you will remember, appointed seven ewe lambs as his testimony to the covenant with Abimelech. The Creator rested from His work on the seventh day, and this day was called Sabbath or seventh. A leprous person was either to bathe seven times or be sprinkled seven times with the blood of a sparrow. Seven years was the period for repentance. Every seven years the Hebrew servant demanded liberty for himself. And the prophet praised God seven times a day. Cain, we are told, was to be revenged sevenfold.

The gifts of the Holy Ghost were said to be seven in number, and in the presence of the Almighty seven angels stand, as we are told, in Tobias. Seven lamps burn before God, and throughout the whole book of Revelations the number seven is constantly used. Jacob served seven years for Leah, and seven more for Rachael. Then there are the seven ears of corn and the seven kine. It was seven people that possessed the land of Promise in Deuteronomy, and the story of Samson tells how he kept his nuptials seven days, and then was bound with seven green withes. —[Philadelphia News.

The Cyclone-Survivor's Large Bow.

That eminent scientist, Professor Somebody, has been experimenting with some sort of a patent bellows, and finds it takes a current of air moving at the rate of 150 to 175 miles per hour to blow straws through a board as is frequently reported by persons who have witnessed a cyclone. Ha! Going to try to reproduce all the things "reported by persons who have witnessed a cyclone," professor? Better think about it a while—unless you have the same low regard for the truth that the persons who pass through cyclones always have. It's the good, professor, that die in cyclones; that hardened old liar goes down cellar and escapes. Just wait till about next June, and the Minnesota cyclone-survivor comes up smiling and tells how he was blown head first through a six-inch grindstone, and your straws and board won't be anywhere.—[Chicago Tribune.

A BORN DETECTIVE.

A Young Woman in a Big Store Who Makes No Mistakes.

Her Chief Occupation Is to Look Out for Shoplifters.

The New York Sun has an interesting account of a young lady employed in one of the largest retail stores in the city. This young woman is a born detective. There has not been a case of shoplifting in the store in question for ten months in which she has not been either complainant or witness upon trial. Of the very many thefts discovered but not prosecuted, few have escaped her. She is not employed as a detective; but her bright eyes have been used so often in the interests of her employers in this line, simply because she saw the opportunity, that she has drifted naturally from the work of a saleswoman to work of this peculiar nature. She still retains her place behind a certain counter, but at her own discretion leaves her work to follow a suspected thief or to patrol the store in crowded hours. She is likely to be called at times to any part of the store to catch up a thread of suspicion. On these occasions she drops the handling of her goods, turns over her customer to another, and promptly dons her hat and cloak to hover about the doubted person, make purchases at her side, and follow her from counter to counter.

A neatly dressed, attractive girl, with a knowing bonnet and an innocent smile, examining the quality of cambric or buying a spool of cotton, is not an object of suspicion on the part of the shoplifter. This is the secret of the girl detective's success. The name of this young woman is Barbara Fleischhauer. She has been eight years in her present employment. She is a Jewess, of medium height and good figure. She apparently weighs 125 pounds, but in reality has 24 pounds more stowed away which is pure muscle. She is a pleasant-faced brunette with very black hair, strong, regular features, and large black eyes. To see her flitting from counter to counter no one would for a moment suspect that her whole heart was not engrossed in the selection of a new gown.

When she has satisfied herself about a shoplifter and has managed to get a saleswoman or a floorwalker as a witness, Miss Fleischhauer goes straight to the goal. At the first movement on the part of the offender the young detective is at her side. There is no scene. The challenge is given in a low collected tone. The straightforward determined glance of the black eyes does the rest. The offender, of course, declares her innocence but marches quietly up stairs nevertheless. Mr. Morrison is always at hand in case of trouble, but black eyes rarely need assistance.

This girl detective is known to all the east side police and they have a mighty respect for her too. One of them in the Eldridge street police station said:

"Whenever I see that girl come in here, I know we've got a clear case. She's a cool one. I've never seen her confused, and some pretty good lawyers have had their turn at her too."

The amount of shoplifting done in a large retail establishment is enormous. Probably not more than one case in a hundred gets into the courts. Only old offenders or people who are evidently thieves by profession are dragged to the police station. Miss Fleischhauer is an adept in all the tricks of the trade. The woman who flourishes a muff unduly is very apt to have something in it that has not been paid for. The handkerchief counter is a great place for thievery. One large handkerchief spread out and thrown carelessly over a folded lot of others forms a cover from beneath which the others can be pulled. The shop-lifter's own handkerchief, dropped carelessly on a bric-a-brac counter is not always picked up alone. Wide sleeves are favorite devices of the shoplifter. An enormous pocket or bag under the dress, and reached through a fold in front, is a convenient receptacle for stolen goods. An umbrella loosely closed is an excellent device. Four or five bits of jewelry may drop off a counter. If a couple fall by mistake into the folds of the umbrella no one knows the difference. All these sorts of schemes are absolutely unnoticed by the ordinary observer, even if he is on the lookout for them. The detective, like the poet, is born; and Miss Fleischhauer's case goes to show that, like the poet, he cannot escape his natural profession.

Studying Yet.

Smith—Where is that promising son of yours?

Brown—Joe is at home.

Smith—He was studying at Yale, was he not?

Brown—Yes, and he is studying yet.

Smith—What is he studying?

Brown—The want column in the newspapers. He is looking out for a position as janitor or porter in a store. —[Texas Siftings.

Arithmetic.

Laura—"So you are really engaged to him, dear? He is forty, you say, and you are twenty—just twice as old as you, love. Dear me, when you are forty he will be eighty!"

Clara—"Good gracious! I hadn't thought of that."—[Bazar.

Medical Students in the Metropolis.

There are about twenty-two hundred medical students in New York, writes a correspondent of the Cincinnati Enquirer. They come from all parts of the country; from Maine to Texas, from Massachusetts to California. Many of them are graduate physicians, from other medical colleges who come here to take advantage of the hospital facilities of the city, and to familiarize themselves with the more recent systems of applied medicine and surgery. Some of them are geniuses in their way. They seemed to have failed in making progress in other walks of life, and have adopted medicine as a last resort. In appearance, they are unkempt with shabby coats and short trousers. They appear to be perpetually on the run to attend a clinic, and yet have plenty of time to absorb beer when invited. Poor men, most of them, who club together, hire apartments; divide expenses on food and books, and rush the "growler" at night with the enthusiasm of a Fourth Ward tough. A visitor to the Bellevue Hospital Amphitheatre where clinics are held every day, can form some idea of the material which, through the process of evolution, makes doctors.

Here are collected dudes and countrymen, youths and men of middle age. Some of them will continue to study for years in vain, others are destined to shine in their profession. The shabby little man who squints through his pair of brass-bound spectacles is astonishingly wise and marvelously recondite on the subjects of bacteria, thrombosis and affections of the anterior horns in the brain. Sitting near him is the man whose head would delight any phrenologist, whose intellect seems seated in his forehead, but who attaches more importance to his pipe and bottle than to the midnight oil. He has mistaken his calling. He is a man of talent, undoubtedly, but he should have exerted it in another line.

It costs about $1,000 to become an M. D. in New York. This includes tuition, board, books and incidental expenses.

The World's Seven Bibles.

The seven principal Bibles of the world are the Koran of the Mohammedans, the Eddas of the Scandinavians, the Tripitikes of the Buddhists, the Five Kings of the Chinese, the three Vedas of the Hindoos, the Zendavesta and the Scriptures of the Christians. The Koran is the most recent of these seven Bibles, and not older than the Seventh Century of our era. It is a compound of quotations from the Old and New Testaments, the Talmud and the Gospel of St. Barnabus. The Eddas of the Scandinavians was first published in the Fourteenth Century. The Pitikes of the Buddhists contain sublime morals and pure aspirations, but their author lived and died in the sixth century before Christ.

The sacred writings of the Chinese are called the Five Kings, king meaning web of cloth, or the warp that keeps the threads in their place. They contain the best sayings of the best sages on the ethico-political duties of life. These sayings cannot be traced to a period higher than the eleventh century before Christ. The three Vedas are the most ancient books of the Hindoos, and it is the opinion of Max Muller, Wilson, Johnson and Whitney that they are not older than eleven centuries before Christ. The Zendavesta of the Persians is the grandest of all these sacred books next to our Bible. Zoroaster, whose sayings it contains, was born in the twelfth century before Christ.—[Home Journal.

How the Blind "See."

I asked those who became blind in youth, or later, whether they were in the habit of giving imaginary faces to the persons they met after their blindness, and whether they ever saw in their dreams, writes Joseph Jostron, in the new Princeton Review. Some answered in very vague terms, but several undoubtedly make good use of this power, probably somewhat on the same basis as we imagine the appearance of eminent men of whom we have read or heard, but whose features we have never seen. When we remember how erroneous such impressions often are, we can understand how it often misleads the blind. Such imaginary faces and scenes also enter into their dreams, but to a less extent than into those of the sighted. Doctor Kitto quotes a letter from a musician who lost his sight when eighteen years old, but who retains a very strong visualizing power, both in waking life and in dreams. The mention of a famous man, of a friend, or of a scene, always carries with it a visual picture, complete and vivid. Moreover, these images of his friends change as the friends grow old; and he feels himself intellectually in no way different from the seeing.

A Recipe for Domestic Tranquillity.

Sometimes my wife and I say on Sunday, "Now let us agree that we will not say a single cross word to any one this whole week. Let us be studiously polite to each other and to the children. Let us be very mindful of the feelings of every person with whom we may come into contact. Let us not fret nor complain, nor do anything that good, decent, well-behaved Christians should not do." And if, when the next Sunday shall come we have, through the grace of God, kept this resolve, it goes without saying that we have been happy and the world has perhaps been made a little better for our being in it.—[Toronto Globe.

Indian Games.

Chung-kee is played quite universally among American Indians. A large ring of stone or wood wound with strips of rawhide is made somewhat eccentric in shape, so that when one of the players rolls it it has an irregular motion. The players are provided with poles, the length being twice the height of the player. The poles are made in two sections and lashed together. At the middle of the pole, too, are a number of long strings of deer-skin. With these poles and rings the Indian lads play several games. In one game the ring is sent rolling at some distance from the player, who tries to throw his pole so as to pass it through the ring just as the knight of the sorrowful mien tries to catch the ring on his wooden lance at the tourney. In another game the pole is thrown at the ring, so as to stop it. The man who throws so as to bring the ring to the ground with the greatest number of strings lying across the ring, scores the most in the tally kept of the game. Villages play against villages, and there are many points in the game besides those mentioned, just as there are many things in foot ball besides kicking a ball about.

In the North there is a game of polo with rackets, the game known as lacrosse. In Northwestern Mexico and Southern California the girls and young women play a game of skittles. Each player has a wand, with which they shove around two little bits of wood connected by means of a cord two or three inches long. It is a game of hockey for women. Instead of striking, as with a bandy, they catch the cord connecting the bits of wood with their wands and poke the bits of wood along. —[Washington Star.

Elephants Storming a Prison.

An attempt to storm a prison, undertaken by elephants, is something new, and it is Russia that has furnished this new sensation. A menagerie arrived at the depot of Charkoff toward 10 at night, and three strong elephants, taking fright, ran off in the direction of the prison. The elephants running up the narrow road shut off from the surroundings by rails, found themselves in front of the heavy iron gates leading to the outer yard of the prison. Their three heads were sufficiently hard to unbolt the locks, and the gates swung open. There was another short roadway with railing on either side, and the ponderous trio walked on until they stood before the second gate closed against them. Again they began pushing, and some guards fired their guns at them. Although not wounded, the elephants were more frightened, and in their endeavors to get through the gate added their loud trumpetings of excitement. At last their keepers came up, and the animals turned against them. It was after midnight when the elephants were pacified and led away to their proper quarters.—[Paris Herald.

A Cure for Rattlesnake-Bites.

Dr. H. C. Yarrow of Washington has been experimenting recently with a view to determine the value of certain reputed antidotes to serpent venom. All of them thus far in his hands have proved valueless with the exception of the fluid extract of jaborandi, which seems to possess antidotal powers, at least in the case of mammals, but upon fowls it appears to have no such effect. Dr. Yarrow has given hypodermatically to rabbits four-fold lothal doses of crotalus venom, and then, by the administration of thirty-five minims of fluid extract of jaborandi, he has prevented any serious results.

The use of jaborandi as an antidote to venom poison was, we believe, first suggested by Dr. Josso, in the Gazette Hebdomadaire de Medecine et de Chirurgie, Paris, 1882, vol. xix. p. 835, and in this communication he reported a case of viper bite cured with an infusion of the leaves.—[Philadelphia Medical News.

The Color of the Eyes.

M. de Candolle, a French investigator, has come to the conclusion from his researches that women have a larger proportion of brown eyes than men. He also finds that when both parents have eyes of the like color, the chances are 88 to 12 that their children who arrive at the age of ten years (when the color of the eyes is fixed), will have eyes of the same color. When the parents have eyes of different colors, the chances are 55 to 45 in favor of brown as against blue or gray eyes in the children. He is also of opinion that the health of the brunette type, is, as a rule, superior to that of the blonde type.—[Cassell's.

Wanted to do His Best.

"No, George, you know I am not so very extravagant."

"I know, but haven't you got bonnets enough?"

"They're all out of style, I want a fashionable bonnet, that's all. I don't want the earth, George dear, merely a fashionable bonnet."

"Well, if I can't afford to buy a fashionable bonnet from your milliner, would you try and be contented with the earth?"—[Merchant Traveler.

Not to be Caught.

Customer—You say the price of the coat is thirteen dollars. Thirteen is an unlucky number. Make it twelve and I'll owe you one.

Dealer—I believe you mine vrient, thirteen is an unlucky number. You pay me vourdeen and I owe you von.—[Boston Courier.

EDITOR O'BRIEN RELEASED.

The Home Rule Leader Out of Jail—An Ovation.

Editor William O'Brien, M. P., has been released from Tullamore jail, Ireland. It was not expected that he would be liberated so soon, and the announcement came as a surprise. Nevertheless, the people of the town of Tullamore gave him an ovation, having early learned that he was to be set free because of inquiries arising from the appearance of a formidable force of police which had been drafted in. When Mr. O'Brien passed out through the prison portals he voluntarily returned and visited Lord Mayor Sullivan, who is still in durance. Mr. O'Brien subsequently drove to the residence of Dr. McAlroy, the good priest who had devoted so much attention to him in prison. The people were very enthusiastic, and Police Inspector Carter at one point drew his men across the road. Mr. O'Brien thereupon jumped off his car and asked the Inspector if he was a free man. The Inspector replied in the affirmative. Then, said Mr. O'Brien, "the people have a perfectly legal right to approach me, and if you provoke a disturbance, on your head will rest the consequences." The Inspector thereupon drew off his men and Mr. O'Brien proceeded on his journey amid tremendous cheers.

At 5 o'clock Mr. O'Brien addressed a public meeting of the inhabitants of Tullamore. The little town was gayly decorated with green arches in honor of Mr. O'Brien, who is more than usually pale, but in the best of spirits. He spoke in the most hopeful manner of the aspect of affairs.

En route from Tullamore, whence he departed at 7 o'clock for Dublin, which he reached before 10, his progress was a right royal one. At all the stations there were the most marked indications of rejoicing. Decorations were general, and addresses were presented couched in the warmest terms of admiration of Mr. O'Brien's devotion to the cause of Irish nationality and the welfare of the Irish people.

In Dublin the news of Mr. O'Brien's liberation caused some excitement. Preparations had been in progress to give him a thorough "cead mille faithe," but were not completed. The League branches, however, and the Gaelic Athletic clubs soon got matters in order, and from 8 o'clock bands and deputations and huge crowds were seen wending their way toward the Kingsbridge Railway terminus.

Mr. O'Brien's train arrived in fairly good time, and he was welcomed by a large number of members of Parliament in the heartiest conceivable manner. Outside the demonstration was stupendous in its magnitude. A torchlight procession was organized and the quays were traversed by many thousands with bands of music and banners, the "Gaels" figuring prominently. Mr. O'Brien was well pleased with his reception. He took his seat in the Lord Mayor's carriage and was conveyed to the Imperial Hotel, in O'Connell street, from one of the windows of which he addressed an enormous multitude, who crowded the magnificent thoroughfare.

A BOY HANGED.

An Eighteen-Year-Old Youth's Brutal Crime in Massachusetts.

James E. Nowlin, the eighteen-year-old murderer of Milkman Codman, of Somerville, Mass., was hanged at 9:22 Friday morning, in the East Cambridge jail. He went to his death with the same firmness that marked his bearing during the trial and since he has known that he was to hang for his crime. He parted with his mother at a late hour, and slept from midnight to 5 o'clock Friday morning soundly. He then dressed himself, ate a hearty breakfast and prayed with the minister who came to see him. He expressed repentance for his horrible crime, and said that he felt that he had been forgiven. At 9 o'clock he passed by the scaffold on the way to another part of the jail, and examined the structure with a critical eye, but without any sign of a tremor.

At 9.15 o'clock the march to the gallows was taken up. Nowlin stepped up firmly and took his place on the drop. He was pinioned securely, and asked if he had anything to say. Looking the Sheriff full in the face, Nowlin, in a clear though low tone, said: "Nothing, only that I am about square, and ready to die. I feel that God has forgiven me, and I feel thankful to you for what you have done," and his voice broke slightly at the finish and he bowed his head. The noose was adjusted, the black cap pulled down, and in an instant Nowlin's body shot through the trap. It swayed a little, but only one movement was made by the criminal. Nowlin drew up his legs once, then all was over. In twenty five minutes the body was cut down and taken to Somerville. It was ascertained by the physicians that, although death was not instantaneous, Nowlin was rendered unconscious by the fall.

James E. Nowlin was employed for two years by George E. Codman, a Somerville milkman. January 4, of last year, Codman's remains were found strewn along a lonely road in the town of Lexington, Mass. The arms, legs and head had been chopped from the body and hid in different places along the road. Nowlin was immediately suspected and arrested. He confessed the crime, telling how he killed his employer by a blow of an axe and then carried the dismembered parts in a sleigh to Lexington. He was but seventeen years of age when he committed the crime. Only one murderer as young as Nowlin has been hanged in Massachusetts. Codman had about $600 on his person at the time of the tragedy, and the money was what Nowlin wanted. He was convicted after a short trial and then desperate efforts were made to have him sent to an insane asylum, as it was suggested that insanity ran in his family. Efforts to procure a pardon or a commutation of sentence failed. Other sons in the Nowlin family are in jail for criminal offenses.

THE LABOR WORLD.

A FIRM in St. Louis speaks highly of the good results of sharing their profits with their workmen.

BUSINESS is booming at all watch factories in the East. There is a large demand for them in the West.

A NEW YORK engine builder has just received an order for 750 horse-power of machinery for Glasgow.

A GOOD many Eastern textile manufacturers are obliged to run till 10 or 11 o'clock at night to fill orders.

THOUSANDS of employes were thrown out of work at North Adams, Mass., because of a strike of lasters in all shoe shops for an increase of wages.

A NATIONAL trade district of silk workers has been formed in connection with the Knights of Labor, comprising about 18,000 members, of whom 7,000 are in Paterson, N. J.

THE Pie Bakers' Union, of New York city, has resolved to impose a fine of $2 on members who may be found drinking Milwaukee beer, smoking a non-union cigar or patronizing a non-union ballroom or park.

A SPECIAL committee appointed by the Massachusetts Legislature recommends the passage of a law providing that no children under twelve years shall be employed in any factory, workshop or establishment.

A MEMBER of Carpenters' Union, of New York, remarked that one pound of ten-penny cut nails will do as much work as two pounds of wire nails. Taking the average of all cut nails they are worth nearly double as much as the wire nails.

QUILL toothpicks, says the *New Jersey Unionist*, come from France. The largest factory in the world is near Paris, where there is an annual product of 30,000,000 quills. Wooden toothpicks are made principally in Michigan, Wisconsin, Indiana and Ohio.

OF the fourteen firms engaged in the silver-beating business in the United States, nearly all are located in Hicksville, L. I. At a recent meeting of the association some of the firms refused to be bound in the matter of prices, and the result was a reduction of twenty cents a book.

A UNIQUE feature of the so called "Spanish colony" of cigarmakers in New York is the employment of a "reader," to read to the men while at work the contents of the daily newspapers. The colony, as most people know, is situated in the region east of Nassau street and on and adjacent to Liberty street and Maiden lane.

The North Carolinian.

Published Every Wednesday

For terms and advertising rates, see first page

Communications relative to any of the interests of the Albemarle District solicited.

COMFORT A SOURCE OF PROFIT.

The old idea of making the children and young things of the farm hardy by refusing them the comforts of life, is not yet quite obsolete. On many a farm it is used as a shield or apology for inherent inborn negligence.

The housekeeper who is slack and shipshod in her management has no appreciation of the value of comfortable living, as she knew nothing of it from experience.

The farmer who lacks enterprise and industry is the one who leaves his cattle to find comfort in winter time on the leeward of the fence and his pigs to shelter as best they can, and to refresh themselves on dry corn and ice water. The leanness of his soul and the iciness of his heart are indicated in the shivering and forlorn appearance of his live stock

For a majority of the suffering and discomfort on the farm, be it in the dwelling or in the stable and pens, there is no other reason than that the man or woman at the head of the concern needs to be "born again." It comes not so much from inability or poverty as from want of appreciation of the value of comfort as a factor in happiness and thrift.

The sooner the stock growers get rid of the heathenish idea that hunger and wretchedness add to the hardihood of his children and stock, the sooner will he get into line with civilization and prosperity.

Discomfort in the herds and flocks is the great drawback to profits. No animal can give a fair return for the feed consumed that is uncomfortable and shivering. Heat is the first essential of animal life. The food consumed must make heat before there can be any growth of bone or muscle. If the feed and shelter given are not adequate to keep up heat than the animal will consume the stored up fat in the body to keep up heat.

TELL YOUR BROTHER FARMERS.

A writer in one of our Agricultural exchanges proclaims a good bit of rural gospel in this wise: When any farmer finds a new and easier way of doing anything than what he had been accustomed to, or has unusual success in any particular branch of work, it is his duty, as well as a privilege, to let his brother farmers know about it that they may also have the benefit.

And the suggestion applies to new plants, fruits, grain, etc, which one has tested and found worthy of cultivation. Farmers should not hide their light, but "teach one another" by imparting the knowledge they have acquired from experience and observation.

A "REFLECTOR" THAT DON'T REFLECT.

The editor of the Greenville *Reflector* evidently felt the force of the little editorial he quoted from the CAROLINIAN on the "People thinking," or he wouldn't have broken out in so loud and *long* a whistle to keep his courage up as he stalks across the graveyard of his party's false vows and broken promises. The *thinkers* referred to happen to include a large number of those hitherto influenced by the blatant vaporing and noisy "charging" of the Democratic press, and brother Wichard will find its repetition in the coming campaign will be like using burnt powder and threshing already pulverized straw. If the editor of the *Reflector* would mingle with the "people," instead of the politicians, he would find that he isn't "reflect"-ing their thoughts at all.

WELCOME THEM ALL.

The free trade attitude of the Democratic party drove Pennsylvania into the Republican column, and there it has been fixed and immovable for the last thirty years.

The free trade policy of President Cleveland bids fair to do the same thing for Connecticut, New Jersey and Indiana.

We welcome them gladly to the ranks of Protection States.

To give up our markets to outsiders, to stop doing our own work, is the way to get poor, and that is the only way suggested by the President to dispose of the surplus in the Treasury. This process will also dispose of the revenue in the pockets of the people, because if you send your money out of the country to buy goods you cannot either keep it in the Treasury or in circulation among the people.

A writer in the *Independent* shows that the percentage of young men studying for the ministry in American Colleges has been steadily decreasing, He gives a number of reasons why the prestige of ministry is waning and young men are not entering it. The indications are that all the Christian Churches will soon have to face a ministry dearth.

The President's appointment of Col. M. McDonald as Commissioner of Fisheries gives satisfaction. He is thoroughly conversant with fish and fisheries.

EFFECT OF PUBLIC SENTIMENT

The construction to the postal laws as to second and third class matter by the late Postmaster General Vilas, which was popularly characterized as stupid, and which has caused annoyance and loss to the general public who patronize the mails than any regulation ever made by any administration of the Post Office Department, is pretty certain to result to the ultimate advantage of the people.

The Washington correspondent of the Boston *Journal* says there has seldom been a better illustration of the power of public opinion upon Congress than the speedy action of the Post Office Committee, and the passage of the bill relative to per missible writing on second, third and fourth class mail matter. There is

branch of the public service which reaches every hamlet in the United States as the Post Office Department does and from every hamlet in the United States have come complaints at the policy of the Vilas administration on this subject. The consequence has been that the House Post Office Committee at once proceed to mature a bill which should authorize the inscriptions upon wrappers of mail matter of that class which the Post Office authorities has decided that existing law forbids. The committee went further than that, and reported a bill which permitt more inscriptions than were authorized under the old usage, which at least had came to have the effect of law, and the House, without any opposition, and with scarcely any debate at once passed the bill.

AFRAID OF THE PRESIDENT'S ISSUE.

The Chairman of the Missouri Democratic State Committee makes a frank admission of the unfavorable prospects of his party in that State. He confesses the outlook from a Democratic standpoint is a bad one, and is afraid of the results of the anti tariff declaration of the President. He says:

"South and Southwest Missouri industries cannot exist under free trade. Our iron, lead and zinc interests are the largest in the Union. The contest in the Springfield district is adways decided on this issue, and uniformly sends a protective tariff Republican to Congress, except in the case of Charley Morgan who was a protectionist. The same result would follow in the Iron Mountain country if the district had not been weighed down by river counties, in which the boys are still crawling out of the brush to vote anything that is brauded 'Democratic.'"

NOT SUSTAINED BY THE FACTS.

The assertion of Henry George that the rich are growing fewer and richer, and poor poorer and more numerous, is contradicted by the fact that though thousands of settlers are every year buying and occupying land, and that the average size of farms in the United States, as shown by the census returns, is less every ten years, the last two decades show a remarkable increase in the number of property owners. Not only is land being divided, but new farms are taken up, and there are more owners. The poor are always with us, but the increase from decade to decade is not greater than, nor even up to the increase of population.

THE ENGLISH PRESS ON THE MESSAGE.

Here are some instructive editorial comments on Cleveland's message from the London newspapers.

The President's terse and telling message has struck a blow at American protection such as never could have been struck by any Free Trade League.—London Spectator.

The President declines cautiously to dub himself a free trader; but he taxes up a free trade position without disguise. He and the leaders of the Democratic party have taken up again the old free trade policy of the South Carolina politicians.—London Review.

The President does not seem to perceive the effect of his own arguments, or even the meaning of his own words, His statement that the question of free trade is irrelevant is astounding and preposterous.—London Daily News.

The *Biblical Recorder*, the great Baptist organ of this State, gives the following words of warning:

North Carolina politics seem to have been transferred from the people of the State to the office holders in Washington City. Look out, gentlemen, the people of the State are not fools, neither are they fast asleep. They may wish to take a hand in matters pertaining to their interest next November.

More than three hundred puzzle makers met in Convention in New York a short time ago to consider riddles, rebuses, charades, conundrums, etc. in their various manifestations. The puzzle men of the U. S. number over 18,000 and publish a yearly directory.

The present Democratic Administration evidently has a patent on its system of "retrenchment and reform" as departmental estimates for this year are over $1,000,000 in excess of those of last year, and the increase is largely in salaries, too!

According to the report of the Vermont State Inspector of Finance nearly every sixth parson in the State is a depositer in the Savings banks—nearly $300 to his or her credit.

LITERARY NOTICES.

The February issue of the ECLECTIC has an excellent list of articles on a wide variety of subjects. The Duke of Argyle's curt attack on Darwin and his school The Power of Loo-e Analogies, has awakened much discussion, and is sure to get stinging rejoinders. A paper on Cæsar Borgia is a picturesque presentation of an unliquely wicked character. Irish Societies is an interesting article germane now. The criticism of Karl Marx's book, Capital, is a vigorous analysis worth reading by all interested in socialistic problems. An article on Charles Darwin presents the spirit of his work and life with graphic force. Schools of Commerce is exceedingly suggestive. A graphic sketch of English peasant life, and a paper on Realism and Romance, are both readable. Other contributions are: Aphorisms, The Rosicrucian Brotherhood, The Parable of Indian Art, and a story by the Marquess of Lorne.

SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE for February is rich in illustrated articles, which are also of unusual interest in their text. The leading article, entitled Mendelssohn's Letters to Moscheles, are from a remarkable collection of manuscripts which have long been in possession of the latter's son. The Man at Arms, fully illustrated, is concluded. A paper on Volcanoes, also illustrated, describes the theory and origin of these eruptions. The Lantern Bearers contains a reminiscence of boyhood days at a certain easterly fishing village What the Will Effects is an unconventional treatment of a mental problem. The Law and the Ballot advocates certain measures which will tend to the breaking down of machine rule in politics, and lead to the purification of the ballot as an expression of the individual will. First Haavests an idyllic love story, is continued, and so is Natural Selection. The Last of the Ghosts is another illustrated story. The poetry is good.

Senator Beck a "Carpet Bagger."

Courier-Journal.

And this is a fitting occasion and a good chance to put Judge Kelley's story in print. In the heat of the debate over the Alabama Constitution, twenty years ago—as runs the account of the venerable yet still boyish Philadelphia Congressman—Judge Kolley entered the House and saw a tall, gaunt man occupying the floor and reading from a paper containing the names of the signers of that document. He was reeling them off one by one in the broadest Scotch through which there burred the words "Car-r-r-pet-bagger-r" and "Scalawag." The speaker was a new man, and the Pennsylvanian, asking some one for his name, learned that it was "Mr. Beck, of Kentucky." Two or three hours later, the Judge had occasion to go to the office of the Public Printer, where he found Mr. Beck alone, waiting for the coming of that functionary The two Congressmen stood for a moment side by side, when the elder observed, "Mr. Beck, of Kentucky, I believe?" Mr. Beck returned the salutation, "Mr. Kelley, of Pennsylvania, I believe?" and, this formality having been completed, the following dialogue ensued:

Kelley—You are, I presume, a native of Kentucky, Mr. Beck?

Beck—Native of Kentucky! Dear no, I thought you might observe from my accent that I am of Scottish birth.

Kelley—Ah, pardon; but you must have come to Kentucky very early in life?

Beck—No, I didn't. I first came to New York when a bit of a stripling, and, having got my schooling there, I went to Kentucky when I was twenty or twenty one

Kelley, throwing up his hands and moving toward the door—Carpet-bagger, by G——!

Judge Kelley relates that, before he reached the door, he felt a heavy hand upon his shoulder. "Come, Kelley," said a big, strong voice, "that's too good to part on; let's go and take something," and, during the stormy years that followed, these two eminent men, agreeing politically in nothing and serving often on the same committees, remained, and remain to this good day, the closest personal friends.

A North Carolina "Green Goods" Gudgeon.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 25.—Joseph L. Peal, a lumber and flour merchant of Bethel, N. C, called at the Central Police Station this morning and informed Chief of Detectives Wood that he had been duped out of $210 by a confidence man. Peal said that a few weeks ago he received a letter at his home from a man in New York, J. H. Ward, who gave his address as No. 150 Mulberry st., "care of barber." The writer informed Mr. Peal that he had a lot of greenbacks which had been printed from stolen Government plates and which he would sell Mr. Peal at a liberal discount. Correspondence followed and Ward informed the Bethel merchant that he would meet him at the Pennsylvania Railroad Station in Philadelphia. Peal placed $500 in his pocket with which to purchase the goods, and left home on Sunday. He arrived here last evening, and while waiting at the railroad depot for Ward to appear was accosted familiarly by a man who introduced himself as J. G. Dixon, of Tarboro. Peal accepted an invitation to take dinner at the hotel at which his new found friend was stopping, and when they reached the hotel his friend suddenly discovered he was short of cash. Peal kindly accommodated him with $210 cash until the bank would open in the morning, and the friend then excusing himself for a moment passed to the rear of the hotel and failed to return

Darbys Prophylatic Fluid.

Use it in every sick-room. Will keep the atmosphere pure and wholesome; removing all bad odors from any soure.

Will destroy all disease Germs, infection from all Fevers and all contagious diseases.

The eminent physician, J Marion Sims, of New York, says: "I am convinced that Prof. Darbys Prophylactic Fluid is a most valuable disinfectant."

The Adjutant General of this State reports the entire State Guard force at 1 172 members, consisting of 23 white companies of Infantry, 2 colored Infantry companies and 1 white Cavalry. Five companies have been formed and equipped during the past year.

The U. S. Senate Commerce Committee has authorized Senator Ransom to report favorably on the bill providing for the construction of a $500,000 Light House at Cape Hat-

Farmers and the Tariff

An address delivered before the Farmers' National Congress, Chicago, November 11, 1887, by Hon Thos. H. Dudley, of New Jersey.

Continued from last week.

As much stress is laid on foreign market by many people in our country, and it is so often held up to our farmers as the market that is ready to take all their surplus products, it will be well to examine into it, and see what its capcity is, and how far our farmers can depend upon it, if we are dependent on it to take all the surplus agricultural products we have, the more important it is to look into the matter and ascertain whether it is large enough to do it. It will be remembered that the agricultural products of the country, outside of cotton and tobacco, amount to about three thousand million of dollars, and that of this about ninety two per cent are now consumed at home, and only about eight per cent exported. I know of but one country in Europe but what can in one form or another raise food enough to feed their own people, or at least to keep them from starving, and that country is England. The other countries buy articles of food to some extent, but they could if they would, raise sufficient to feed their people But England, with her dense population, cannot. She is compelled to buy food. Now to what extent do the European countries purchase food? We will take wheat as the great agricultural staple. The whole crop of the world is computed to be 2,110,000,000 bushels. Of this quantity about 1, 110,000 are grown in Europe, about 450,000,000 in the United States, 287,000,000 in India, and the remainder in other parts of the world, Eastern Europe has a surplus and Western Europe alone a deficiency.

We raise a surplus, India raise a surplus, and Eastern Europe a surplus. It is only Western Europe where we find a deficiency. The whole deficiency one year with another is about two hundred million of bushels, and the United States, India and Eastern Europe are each competitors for supplying this deficiency, to say nothing of Australia and Canada, And in about the same proportion is the deficiency in the foreign market for the other articles of substantial food. Now this is the size of the foreign market our farmers have for the sale of their surplus products when they break down the homemarket, and they might as well look it face to face—contemplate it just as it is. The outlook is not very encouraging as it is; but when they take into consideration the great and increasing competition of India, it will be still less satisfactory and this will not be improved when the home market is broken down, and many of the persons now employed in the manufactories of the country are driven in agriculture to earn their bread, becoming producers rather than consumers of agricultural products, and to this extent increasing the surplus. The foreign market would not be large enough then to take our surplus, even if India and Eastern Europe were entirely excluded; we ourselves would have much more that Europe would want or would take from us. The farmers of our country must be properly protected in the products they raise, and properly protected in the home markets in which they sell most of their surplus products, to make the industry in the future profitable and paying.

If this is not done the industry will languish and be unremunerative. This is all the more necessary when they are brought, as they now are in the matter of wheat, directly in competition with the cheap labor of India. If asked how this is to be accomplished, my answer is, manufacture here at home all the manufactured commodities we now import from Europe. The effect would be to draw a portion of labor from agriculture and lessen agricultural products, and increse the home market sufficiently to consume all of our surplus.

But some one may ask this question: If we can compete with England in the manufacture of the commodities the farmers consume, why do we require protection? My first answer is, we want protection where we can compete so that we can keep the manufacture of the commodities here in our own country, in order to give our laboring people the benefit of making them. We want our own people to be employed, so they can receive the wages. We think it more important that these wages should be paid to our own people than that they should be paid to the English people. We manufacture in the United States, one year with another, as has been stated, about $7,000,000,000 worth of commodities, and pay the laboring people each year, who are directly employed in making them, about $1,500,000,000. Now if these goods are made in England these wages would be paid to the English workpeople there and not to our people. It is a question whether they shall be paid here to our own people, or whether they shall be paid to the workpeople over there. And this is a most important question—one upon which largely depends the prosperity and welfare of our country.

My second answer is, we require protection where we are competing to prevent our country from being made the dumping-ground for the over-production of Europe.

This overproduction is of frequent occurrence, and when it occurs they will realize on as much as they can dispose of at home and throw the surplus upon us at any price they can obtain, with the view of breaking down the markets here, and bringing ruin upon our manufacturers and business men, in the hope that they may profit by it in the future,

There is another question which may be asked. It is this: If our home market should be broken down by the repeal of the tariff, would the English not be more likely to purchase our surplus products from us? My answer is no. We have already seen the extent of the foreign market and how inadequate it is even if we had it all to ourselves; but then, as now, they would take just what they require, and no more. And they would not even take that from us unless they could buy for less than elsewhere; if any other nation would sell it for less they would take it from them and not from us. It is a question with them, as with us, of dollars and cents, of quantity and price. They want only what they require, and that at the lowest price they can obtain it for Then as now they would buy it wherever they could get it cheapest The farmers of our country must be protected in the products they produce and in the home market in which they sell their surplus.

Worth Knowing.

Mr. W. H. Morgan, merchant, Lake City, Fla., was taken with a severe Cold, attended with a distressing Cough and running into Consumption in its first stages. He tried many so-called popular cough remedies and steadily grew worse. Was reduced in flesh, had difficulty in breathing and was unable to sleep. Finally tried Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption and found immediate relief, and after using about a half dozen bottles found himself, [illegible] and has had no return of the disease. No other remedy can show so grand a record of cures, as Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption Guaranteed to do just what is claimed for it—Trial bottle free at Wood & Wadsworth's Drug Store.

Eight store houses and several other buildings in Henderson, were destroyed by fire on the 26th ult.

The heaviest snow storm for years fell throughout New England on last Wednesday night.

What's better for a wound than Salvation Oil? Echo answers: "What." We answer: "Nothing." "So say we all of us, so say we all!" Only 25 cts.

A poor unfortunate in Milwaukee is said to have sneezed himself to death Alas! poor creature, living in the light of the nineteenth century and never heard of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Well, this is more than Egyptian darkness!

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A SMALL FARM FOR SALE.

The farm known as the "Murphy place," situated on Little River, in Salem township, Pasquotank county, N. C, containing Fifty acres, is offered for sale. For terms, apply to Dr. P. John, at Elizabeth City, N. C. or the undersigned at Stockton, Dauphin county Pa.

Feb. 1, '88. JOHN MURPHY.

MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.

Office of Norfolk Southern Railroad Co., 71 Broadway, New York

February 1st, 1888.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Norfolk Southern Railroad Company for the election of nine Directors and the transaction of other business, will be held at the office of the Company in Elizabeth City, N. C. on Thursday, March 1st, 1888, at 12 o'clock noon. Transfer books will remain closed from Febrary 20th until March 3rd.

By order of the Board of Directors.

E. W. COLLIES, Secretary.

C. T. Lanphear. A. W. Haff.

LANPHEAR & HAFF.

Wholesale Commission Dealers

In Fresh Fish, Lobsters, Etc., Etc.

NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET, NEW YORK.

HINCHMAN SON & CO.

Wholesale Commission Dealers

FRESH FISH, GAME, TERRAPIN, Etc.

7 & 8 DOCK STREET WHARF, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

S. T. SKIDMORE,

Wholesale Commission Dealer

— IN ALL KINDS OF —

Fresh Fish.

142 & 144 BEEKMAN STREET, NEW YORK.

NOTICE.

NORTH CAROLINA: Pasquotank County. Ellen Commander *vs* Henry Commander.

The defendant will take notice, that the above named plaintiff has commenced an action against him for divorce *a vinculo matrimonii*, and the said defendant is required to appear at the next term of the Superior Court of Pasquotank County, to be holden on the third Monday in March 1888, at the Court House in Elizabeth City, and answer or demur to the complaint which is now filed in this cause.

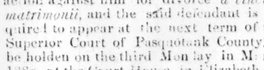
Given at Elizabeth City, N. C., on this the 10th day of January, 1888.

J. P. OVERMAN, Clerk S. C.

GRIFFIN & TEMPLE, Attorneys. 31-37.

DAVENPORT & MORRIS,

WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS



And Dealers in Fish,

RICHMOND, VA.

Consignments of North Carolina Herring solicited, and proceeds remitted in cash On account of our intimate acquaintance, and frequent transactions with the Grocery trade of the West and South we are able to handle North Carolina Fish to the very best possible advantage, and we are known everywhere as the largest distributors in this market.

DUTCH NETS.

Dutch Nets manufactured from our Shepard Gold Medal Twines and supplied at short notice by the

American Net & Twine Co.,

Home Office, 43 Commercial Street, Boston; New York Office, 172 Fulton St. 28-36

BILIOUSNESS

Is an affection of the Liver, and can be thoroughly cured by that Grand Regulator of the Liver and Biliary Organs,

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

MANUFACTURED BY

J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

I was afflicted for several years with disordered liver, which resulted in a severe attack of jaundice. I had as good medical attendance as our section affords, who failed utterly to restore me to the enjoyment of my former good health. I then tried the favorite prescription of one of the most renowned physicians of Louisville, Ky., but to no purpose; whereupon I was induced to try **Simmons Liver Regulator.** I found immediate benefit from its use, and it ultimately restored me to the full enjoyment of health.

A. H. SHIRLEY, Richmond, Ky.

HEADACHE

Proceeds from a Torpid Liver and Impurities of the Stomach. It can be invariably cured by taking

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

Let all who suffer remember that

SICK AND NERVOUS HEADACHES

Can be prevented by taking a dose as soon as their symptoms indicate the coming of an attack.

PRIVATE ACADEMY.

On and after Jan. 9th Mrs. H. Murphy will receive a limited number of pupils in the higher English Branches, French and Drawing.

Terms each $2.00 per month strictly in advance. No extras. Popular Course of *three* months.

ESSENTIAL OILS

SASSAFRAS, PENNYROYAL, WINTERGREEN, SPEARMINT, &C.

Bought for Net Cash, on receipt and approval, without charge for Commission, Brokerage, etc., by

DODGE & OLCOTT,

90 & 8 William Street New York

10-6m

FRIENDS' ELEMENTARY And High School.

A Kindergarten, a Primary School, an Academy and Collegiate Institute for both Sexes.

McCulloh and Preston Sts. BALTIMORE.

18 PROFESSIONAL TEACHERS Employed

Specialist in each department.

24TH YEAR BEGAN NINTH MONTH (SEPTEMBER 6, 1886)

For Circulars address ELI M. LAMB Principal, or F. EMERSON LAMB, Assistant Principal.

FISH GILL NETS.

We invite the special attention of all Dealers and Fishermen to our (S), or broad S brand, as it is called by the Fishermen —of Flax Gilling Threads and Nets. This make and brand has given complete satisfaction for many years.

None are genuine without our name on each package. We guarantee its quality.

We would refer to our "Fishermen's Brand" of Cotton Gillings, made only by us; a strong and cheap Twine, making the coming Net for Shad fishing. Send for sample.

These Twines have an established reputation. Call for these brands of your home merchant, or order of the

AMERICAN NET & TWINE CO,

Home Office, 43 Commercial St., Boston; Branch Office 172 Fulton St., New York.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

28-2m

COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF LAND.

By virtue of authority conferred upon me as Commissioner by an order of the Superior Court of Pasquotank county, rendered December 15 1887, in the case entitled W. J. Griffin Admin'r, against Mills Howell and others, heirs at law of Geo. W. Edney dec'd, directing a sale of the lands hereinafter described to make assets in the hands of said Administrator, for the payment of debts, and appointing myself Commissioner to make said sale. I shall sell on Monday, the 6th day of February 1888, at 12 o'clock M., that certain tract of land situated in Newland township, Pasquotank county, State of North Carolina, and bounded by the main road, the lands of James N Brothers, Pasquotank river, the lands of W. K. Etheridge and the lands of the heirs of Samuel Brothers dec'd, containing sixty (60) acres, more or less—being known as the "Geo. W. Edney tract."

The sale will be at public auction, for cash, before the Court House door in Elizabeth City, N. C.

W. J. GRIFFIN, Commissioner

January 4th, 1888.

DEAD SEA WONDERS exist in thousands of forms, but are surely passed by the marvels of invention. Those who are in need of profitable work that can be done while living at home should at once send address to Hallett & Co, Portland, Maine, and receive free, full information how either sex of all ages, can earn from 50 to $25 per day and upwards wherever they live. You are started free. Capital not required. Some have made over $50 in a single day at the work. All succeed.

HUMPHREYS'

DR. HUMPHREYS' BOOK Cloth & Gold Binding 144 Pages, with Steel Engravings, MAILED FREE. Address, P. O. Box 1819, N. Y.

In use 30 years.—Special Prescriptions of an eminent Physician. Simple, Safe and Sure.

Nos.	CURES.	PRICE.
1	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations	.25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic	.25
3	Crying Colic, or Teething of Infants	.25
4	Diarrhea of Children or Adults	.25
5	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic	.25
6	Cholera Morbus, Vomiting	.25
7	Coughs, Cold, Bronchitis	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache	.25
9	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo	.25
10	Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods	.25
12	Whites, too Profuse Periods	.25
13	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains	.25
16	Fever and Ague, Chills, Malaria	.50
17	Piles, Blind or Bleeding	.50
18	Ophthalmy, or sore, or weak Eyes	.50

HOMEOPATHIC

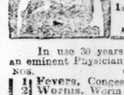
19	Catarrh, acute or chronic; Influenza,	.50
20	Whooping Cough, Violent Coughs	.50
21	Asthma, Oppressed Breathing	.50
22	Ear Discharges, Impaired Hearing	.50
23	Scrofula, Enlarged Glands Swelling	.50
24	General Debility, Physical Weakness	.50
25	Dropsy, and Scanty Secretions	.50
26	Sea Sickness, Sickness from Riding	.50
27	Kidney Disease	.50
28	Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness or Involuntary Discharges	1.00
29	Sore Mouth, Cancer	.50
30	Urine Weakness, Wetting Bed	.50
31	Painful Periods, with Spasm	.50
32	Diseases of the Heart, Palpitation	1.00
33	Epilepsy, Spasm, St. Vitus' Dance	1.00
34	Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat	.50
35	Chronic Congestions & Eruptions	.50

SPECIFICS.

Sold by Druggists, or sent post paid on receipt of price.—HUMPHREYS' MEDICINE CO. 109 Fulton St. N.Y.

HUMPHREYS'

HOMEOPATHIC VETERINARY SPECIFICS



For Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs, Poultry.

500 PAGE BOOK on Treatment of Animals and Chart Sent Free.

Humphreys' Med. Co., 109 Fulton St., N. Y.

JACOB SALOMONSKY

The Grandest Display of

DRESS GOODS — and — CLOTHING

Ever Brought to Elizabeth City

The Stock is complete in every way comprising of CLOTHING, DRESS GOODS, VELVETS, CASHMERES NOTIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, etc., all of which are guaranteed at the

Very Lowest Prices.

His ready made garments are equal to the best custom made, and perfect fits are made in all cases.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF GENTS FURNISINGGOODS.

STORE ON WATER STREET, ELIZABETH CITY, N. C

J. W. WHARTON,

WHOLESALE

COMMISSION DEALER

IN FRUIT, PRODUCE, FISH Oysters, Terrapin, Poultry, Eggs, Game, &c., In Season

No. 5 S. Delaware Avenue Market

FOOT OF DOCK STREET PHILADELPHIA

Consignments solicited. Returns made promptly.

THE ALBEMARLE HOUSE

Elizabeth City, N C.

Mrs. L. G. Underwood. Prop'r.

The attention of the traveling public is invited to this large and elegant Hotel. It is centrally located, within a block of the telegraph and post offices, and convenient to the railroad and steamboat

Mrs. UNDERWOOD spares no effort to make the ALBEMARLE a genuine *Home* for her patrons. The rooms are large, well furnished and carefully kept, and the table is of the best

Elizabeth City, two hours ride from Norfolk, presents especial attractions for the tourist, the invalid and home seeker.

WOODARD HOUSE

EDENTON N. C.

This well-established HOTEL still offers first class accommodations of the traveling public,

FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED

Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances Furnished when Desired Free Hacks to all Transient Steamers

TERMS REASONABLE.

J. L ROGERSON, Prop

ICE AND COAL!

Rawlins, Whitehurst & Co.,

continue to supply ICE both in large and small quantities.

We are now receiving our supply of COAL, and will fill all orders promptly.

All coal is screened before leaving the yard. None but the best handled, and LOWEST PRICES guaranteed.

Office on Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C. FRED DAVIS

4-tf. Agent

H. HILGARTNER SONS

STEAM

Marble & Granite Works

MONUMENTS, ETC.

Marble and Slate Mantels, Wainscoting Encaustic and Marble Tiling, Furniture & Counter Slabs, Etc., Etc.

526 & 528 West Baltimore

BALTIMORE, MD.

J. H. ZIEGLER, Agt, Elizabeth City, N

L. F. ZIEGLER Ag't, Edenton, N. C.

REWARDED are those who read the and then act. they will find honorable employment that will not take them from their homes and families. The profits are large and sure for every industrious person, many have made and now are making several hundred dollars a month. It is easy for any one to make $5 and upwards a day, who is willing to work. Either sex, old or young. Capital not needed. We start you. Everything new. No special ability required. You, reader, can do as well as any one. Write to us at once for full particulars which we mail free. Address Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.

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ALWAYS SATISFACTORY

EIGHTEEN SIZES AND KINDS

ALL PURCHASERS CAN BE SUITED

MANUFACTURED BY

Isaac A. Sheppard & Co., Baltimore, Md.

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D. S. BRADFORD & CO., ELIZABETH CITY, N. C

HOT FOR THE CARS and the BOATS.

COPPER'S HACK

takes regular connection with all the trains and the Steamboats, promptly meeting their arrival and departure. Baggage not her passengers no baggage will be l

D. F. DONOVAN'S

FURNRITUE and CARPET

HOUSE,

142 CHURCH STREET

NORFOLK, VA.

New Mattings just Opening

NEW STOCK OF CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES AT PRICES TO ALL PARTIES

Horse Shades, 2 yards long will spring roller and nickel pull, at 50 cents.

A FULL LINE OF BED ROOM AND PARLOR SUITS ALWAYS ON HAND, AS WELL a Large Assortment of every Article in the

FURNITURE LINE.

A Price List will be Furnished on Application.

HAIR MATTRESSES & FEATHER-BEDS made to order. All other styles on hand and made to order at short notice.

Our Stock of Rugs & Carpets is Complete

Give Us a Trial.

SAMUEL C. PHILLIPS, Manager

FOR MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatics,	Scratches,	Contracted Muscles,
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Eruptions,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Hoof Ail,
Burns,	Stitches,	Screw Worms,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Swinney,
Stings,	Backache,	Saddle Galls,
Bites,	Galls,	Piles.
Bruises,	Sores,	
Bunions,	Spavin	
Corns,	Cracks.	

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its universal applicability. Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.

The Housewife needs it for general family use.

The Canaler needs it for his teams and his men.

The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.

The Miner needs it in case of emergency.

The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.

The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.

The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it—liberal supply afloat and ashore.

The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.

The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.

The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.

The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.

The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.

Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.

Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.

Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

THOUSANDS OF THE BEST

$38 GOLD WATCH

EVER MADE ARE SELLING IN OUR

CO-OPERATIVE CLUBS.

THIS IS THE BEST, CHEAPEST, MOST CONVENIENT

And only co-operative System of selling watches. The watches are American Lever Stem Winders, containing every essential to accuracy and durability, and have, in addition, numerous patented improvements found in no other watch They are absolutely the only Dust and Dampproof Movements made in the World, and are jewled throughout with GENUINE RUBIES. The Patent Stem Wind and Set is the strongest and simplest made. They are fully equal for appearance, accuracy, durability and service, to any $75 Watch.

Our Co-operative Club System brings them within the reach of every one.

We want an active, responsible representative in EVERY CITY and TOWN.

Heavy profits guaranteed on limited investment.

Write for full particulars.

THE KEYSTONE WATCH CLUB CO.

P. O. Box 928, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

REFERENCES:

Keystone National Bank; The City Trust Safe Deposit and Surety Co., or any Commercial Agency.

AGENCIES:

New York, N. Y.	Philadelphia, Pa.	Baltimore, Md.
Chicago, Ill.	Detroit, Mich.	St. Louis, Mo.
Pittsburgh, Pa.	Harrisburg, Pa.	Wilmington, Del.
Boston, Mass.	Denver, Col.	Etc., etc.

NORFOLK

STEAM DYE WORKS.

113 MAIN ST., NORFOLK, VA.

Gents' clothing cleansed, dyed and repaired. Ladies' dresses, shawls, etc., cleaned or dyed equal to new. Our dye is warranted not to smut or rub off. Branch office, 235 High street, Portsmouth, Va.

J. M. MARSHALL & CO., PROPRIETORS

an. 27-6m.

$513 PAPER may be from 1st on file in G. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made in NEW YORK.

THIS PAPER is on file in Philadelphia at the Newspaper Advertising Agency of Messrs. N. W. AYER & SON, our authorized agents.

BOOKS, THREE CENTS EACH!

The following books are published in neat pamphlet form, printed from good readable type on good paper, and many of them handsomely illustrated. They are without exception the cheapest books ever published in any land or language, and furnish to the masses of the people an opportunity to secure the best literature of the day at the most trifling expense. In any other series these great works would cost many times the price at which they are here offered. Each one is complete in itself.

Wonders of the World, NATURAL AND OTHER. Contains descriptions and illustrations of the most wonderful works of nature and of man. Very interesting and instructive.

Wonders of the Sea. A description of the many wonderful and beautiful things found at the bottom of the ocean, with profuse illustrations.

"A Pleasure Exertion," and Other Sketches. By "JOSIAH ALLEN'S WIFE" a collection of irresistibly funny sketches by the most popular humorous writer of the day.

The Aunt Keziah Papers, by CLARA AUGUSTA, author of "The Rugg Documents" A most ridiculously funny book—in every way equal to "Widow Bedott."

Christmas Stories, by CHARLES DICKENS. Contains a number of the most charming Christmas stories ever written by the greatest writer who ever lived. Each one is complete.

Round the Evening Lamp. A book of stories, pictures, puzzles and games, for the little folks at home.

Popular Recitations and Dialogues, humorous, dramatic and pathetic, including all the latest, best and most popular.

The Self-made Men of Modern Times. Contains portraits and biographical sketches of self-made Americans, from the time of Franklin to the present.

Familiar Quotations. Containing the origin and authorship of many phrases frequently met in reading and conversation. A valuable work of reference.

Low Life in New York. A series of vivid pen pictures showing the dark side of life in the great city. *Illustrated.*

The Road to Wealth. Not an advertising circular, but a thoroughly practical work, pointing out a way by which all may make money, easily, rapidly and honestly.

KEEP

Your Boys

* WARM *

—o—

We never imitate, but originate Our prices are *hard to beat*, as we always *believe in low prices* on all goods and now that the Holidays are over, we feel all right, for we enjoyed them and must come right down to PLAIN FACTS.

Our stock is still the largest in the City. It must be disposed of before it is too late, and for the next THIRTY DAYS we will offer extraordinary bargains on all goods in our line by just putting the prices lower than ever before.

We still have a good many Winter Clothes left and will sell them now regardless of profit for they must be disposed of to make room for Spring Goods soon to come in, We are now offering nice Suits at very low figures just to clear our store of many odds and ends that were left over from our immense stock before Christmas.

We are now selling right down on Boys and Men's Suits, and to convince you, all you will have to do is to call and give our stock a careful look over. Our Overcoats have been going off very fast, but we have still a few more left which must be disposed of at some price; so I will now offer

Overcoats that were $5.00 for $3.50
Overcoats that were 8.00 for 5.00
Overcoats that were 10.00 for 7.00
Overcoats that were 12.50 for 9.00
Overcoats that were 15.00 for 12.00
Overcoats that were 18.00 for 15.00

And so on through our immense stock, just to clear our stock of winter goods to be ready for Spring Goods soon to arrive.

We are still agent for Reed's fine Ladies' Shoes, which we will guarantee to give perfect satisfaction to all who buy them. Each pair has the name of E. P. REED stamped on the bottom, and there is no other agent in Elizabeth City but **H. Weisel** for Reed's Shoes, and whoever sells you any other shoe and says they are as good only means to deceive you, as Reed's Ladies' shoes are the best in the market. We have them in all sizes, widths and styles.

We also keep many other kinds of Shoes for Ladies, Men and Children, and can supply the public as cheap or cheaper than any one else in the City. We are now making closing sales on Men's heavy kip and cow hide Boots and will sell them now at very small profits to keep from carrying them over for another season, and to all in need, be sure and give our large stock of Boots and Shoes a good look over before buying By so doing you will secure a good bargain.

We have just marked our Ladies Dress Goods down and reduced our former prices, so now is the time to get a good Flannel or Trecot Dress very cheap, as we are determined to sell our goods cheaper than they can be bought anywhere else. We have also a great many Cashmeres that we are anxious to dispose of very CHEAP rather than carry them over for another season, down the prices must go to close them out.

We have also put the knife into our Velvets especially striped Velvets, that we are now selling regardless of profit. They must be sold, and to those who call early there is a good bargain waiting, for these goods that were formerly selling at $1 00 and $1 25 must now go for 80c and 90c, and so on through our full line of Dress Trimmings we will now offer some extraordinary bargains on.

We have just received from a Bankrupt sale in New York another line of New Market Cloaks, and they are very cheap at the prices we are offering them. These goods are well worth $8.00 and $10.00, but I bought them very low, and I can sell them from $5.00 to $7.00, and whoever secures one of these Cloaks will get a genuine good bargain I alway believe in trying to make the "quick sixpence," and besides give all my friends a good chance to secure as many goods as possible for little money.

We have just received a line of Men's Tip Top White Unlaundered Shirts, full reinforced bosom, which we are selling for the very small sum of 50c. They are good goods and cheap at 65c, but we bought them cheap and just put them down to 50c Call in and give them a look at.

H. WEISEL.

Leader of Low Prices,

At the Foot of Water St.,

NEAR THE DOCK.

The North Carolinian.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 1 1888

ELIZABETH CITY CHURCHES.

EPISCOPAL. ——— Rector. Service on Sundays at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. All cordially invited

METHODIST. Rev. J. T. Whitley, Pastor. Service on Sundays at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. A cordial invitation to all. Seats free.

BAPTIST. Rev. George Baker, Pastor. Service on Sundays at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. Seats free. Invitation extended to all.

A. M. E. ZION. Rev. S. E. Dickson, Pastor. Service every Sunday at 2:30 P. M., and 7. P. M

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A small Farm for sale.
Lanphear & Haff, Fish Dealers, New York.
National Harness Comp'y, Rochester, N. Y.
Hinchman Son & Co, Fish, Philadelphia.
Stockholder's Meeting Norfolk Southern Railroad Company.

☞"Cleveland times."

☞Everybody feeling them.

☞Never knew money so scarce.

☞Our Supplement this week contains a large amount of valuable reading matter.

☞We are yet in search of the man how at harvest time blamed himself for cultivating the crop too well

☞The "Isaac Newton" has commenced plying between Elizabeth City and Norfolk via D. S. Canal.

☞We acknowlege a polite invitation from the Marshals, to attend the 53rd Anniversary Exercises of the Literary Societies of Wake Forest College, on the 17th inst.

☞The "trial trip" of the "Croatan," the new little steamer for Weymouth & Davis's Fishery, referred in our last issue, took place on Monday. We had a special invitation, but could'nt go. The boat is a model, and can make 10 knots an hour.

☞The announcement of the sudden death of our old friend William O. White—see letter from Belvidere—came as a sad surprise to us, as it was only a little over a month ago that he was in our office and took occasion to express his appreciation of the CAROLINIAN. We little thought it would be our last meeting this side the mysterious river.

☞We had a pleasant call on Thursday from Mr. A. W. Haff, of the well known firm of Lanphear & Haff, of New York, and Mr. W. H. Hinchman, of the firm of Hinchman, Son & Co., of Philadelphia, both genial gentlemen and wide-awake business men. They visit our section every year and always take time to step in and pay their respects to the CAROLINIAN. See their advertisements in this issue.

☞When the order was issued by the Secretary of the Treasury abolishing the office of Deputy Collector of Customs at Elizabeth City and closing the office here, we expressed the opinion that it would not be permanent. We were satisfied that when the attention or the Department was called to the amount of business transacted here—the large number of vessels hailing from and arriving at this port—the mandate would be rescinded. And it was, the Collector being directed to reopen the office, which he did, placing it in charge of his Clerk, H. A. Bond jr., until a Deputy is appointed.

—LATER: Col. R. B. Creecy has been reappointed, but the salary has been reduced to $750.00.

☞Crime, like the "old serpent," never dies. It is ever thrusting up its ugly head. Will it ever be conquered and its evil seed be trodden out? Who can tell? Law inflicts penalties, it is true, but it also defines its limitations so acutely that the criminal uses it very often as an effective weapon for his own preservation. There always has been both good and evil in the world, and while we may lament that the proportion is not larger on the side of the former than we find it, we should rejoice in the knowledge that it so bravely holds its own. The CAROLINIAN is optimist enough to believe that this world of ours is really growing better rather than worse; that the agencies for uplifting humanity and the bettering of mankind are more potent than ever before, increasing in number, efficiency and power. The condition of human society might be much worse than it is.

☞We do not intend this article as a sermon, for preaching is not exactly in our line; but as death is the common lot, and sooner or later comes to all—no man knowing the hour when the pale messenger will appear, we feel "the spirit moving" us to urge it as the duty of every man with a family to have his secular affairs, so far as possible, in a condition not to embarrass them should he be taken off. Instances are occurring continually where this is neglected, the husband and father dying without having made a will, subjecting the bereft widow and orphans to trouble and expense, most of which could have been avoided. Every man of property should *make a will*, and do it while in health. There are those who say, "The law makes provision." It does, but the right-feeling husband and father can do it better and at much less cost. Think of it, all who have not yet performed this duty, and do not put off a matter of such vital importance to those you love until it is too late.

☞A Furniture Factory would pay.

☞To a question, "What constitutes a good lawyer?" we answer, brains.

☞In our notice of Mr. Flora last week, we should have said Moyock instead of Coinjock.

☞Just think of it! The CAROLINIAN, taken by the year, only costs 3 cents a week!

☞The newsy letter of "Andy Plow Boy" came as we were ready for the press. Write a day earlier,

☞A correspondent reminds us that there were three figures alike in 1811. So there were, but as we were not born then, were too young to remember it.

☞Mark the difference. System worked ten hours a day and was done. Haphazard got up at 4 in the morning, hurried all day, and was doing his chores late in the night.

☞The "Jack of all trades" is said to be master of none; yet a good farmer may with profit become a fair carpenter. A workshop is a better stormy day retreat than is a corner grocery.

☞With last week's issue the Greenville *Reflector* entered its 7th year. It is a live local paper,. By industry, tact and enterprise, Mr. Wichard has made it a success. We congratulate him.

☞We call attention to the advertisement of the National Harness Co., of Rochester, N. Y., on our last page. It is a reliable firm and they manufacture first class goods. A sample may be seen at our office.

☞Messrs W. J. Griffin and W. O. Temple of Elizabeth City, and M. J. Sawyer of Camden, have organized "The North Carolina Pine Lumber Company," the purpose being to deal and operate in timber, etc. They have purchased a large body of fine pine timber in Tyrrell, estimated at 15,000,000 feet. They have contracted with Mills at Norfolk to deliver the logs on the banks of the river. They will begin at once. It's a big enterprise.

☞We stated some weeks ago that a party at Philadelphia who is having a large amount of lumber shipped to this place by water, thence by rail to that City, proposed having it manufactured here into flooring, siding, etc., before forwarding. A contract has been made with the Kramer Bro's to do this work, to dress at the rate of 60,000 feet per week for four years. Mr. John Kramer, of the firm, will take charge of the new Mill, preparations for which have already commenced. It will be located close by the lumber wharf at the depot. The Kramer Brothers are industrious and enterprising young men.

☞A sometimes excitable reader of the CAROLINIAN writes:

Why don't you pitch in and give the Democrats "Hail Columbia?" They are continually abusing us, why don't you fire back? Make 'em take the same as they giv

We answer that it isn't necessary. They have little else to deal in, as the facts and logic are on our side. Abuse isn't argument, neither is it manly. The CAROLINIAN never indulges in it. The cause it espouses and the principles it advocates need no bolstering from the armory of vilification.

☞We are receiving letters making inquiries: "What is the political outlook?" "What are the prospects?" "How will North Carolina stand this year?" We are not a prophet, but the close observer is blind who does not see the "signs of the times." The bad faith and broken pledges of the Democratic leaders have chilled the enthusiasm and weakened the confidence of thousands among those who have helped make their majorities in the past, and no promises or professions they may make in the coming canvass can reestablish them. With good nominations, and we have reason to believe these will generally be made, the Democrats will lose five if not six of the nine Congressmen, as well as the Legislature, and the Republicans will carry the State for Governor as well as for the Chicago nominee for President. This is the plain indication of the political horoscope at this writing.

☞"Young Reader" seeing the words Scylla and Charybdis in reading, would like them explained. Scylla is a rocky cape on the west coast of South Italy, jutting out boldly into the sea so as to form a small peninsula just at the northern entrance to the Straits of Messina. The rock is about 200 feet high, and much honeycombed out below by the action of the waves. Navigation at this place was was looked upon by the ancients as attended with much danger. This rock according to Homeric legend, was the abode of a hideous monster, uncommonly passed with dogs and wolves. Charybdis is a celebrated whirlpool in the Straits of Messina. Homer places it immediately opposite to Scylla. It it was so, it has changed its situation since his days. The myth connected with it is, that under a large fig-tree which grew out of the rock opposite Scylla, dwelt the monster Charybdis, who thrice every day sucked down the water of the sea and as often threw it up again. Ships which tried in navigating to avoid Scylla were often wrecked on Charybdis.

☞A splendid Driving Horse for sale. Inquire at this office. Terms easy.

☞Corn 50 cents; rice 94cts; oats 32 cents; black eye peas 80 cents; sweet potatoes 40 cents.

☞The Masquerade given by the Roanoke Club on Monday night, far eclipsed the previous one both in the variety and beauty of the costumes worn and in the number of spectators that interest and curiosity called forth to witness the novel entertainment. The lady masqueraders were as follows

Miss Etta Burgess, Gypsey Queen, Miss Kate Albertson, Mother Goose sweeping cobwebs out of the sky; Miss Grace Melick, Marie Stuart; Miss Mae Whitehurst, Yum Yum; Miss Pattie Sanderlin, Spanish Dancing Girl; Miss Mildred Vaughan, Gypsey; Miss Ella John, Night; Miss Marcie Albertson, Patience; Miss Ella Jennings, Court Lady; Miss Hennie Creecy, Flora McFlimsey; Miss Nannie Creecy, Queen of Night; Miss Lydia Pailen, Indian Princess; Miss Kate Pailin, Spanish Girl, and Mrs. Bosworth, French Peasant Girl. The 1st prize, a white fan, for the best character costume, was awarded to Miss Whitehurst, and the 2d, a white silk handkerchief, to Miss Kate Albertson.

The gentlemen, gorgeous in their Northern made costumes, were as follows: E. C. Potter, Duke of Venice; J. H. White, Marq. Lafayette; E. P. Irvin, Spanish Bull Fighter; W. P. Boney, Sultan of Turkey; Cha's Belz, Richard the Third; Mac Griffin, Uncle Sam; C. L. Riddle, Charles the Second; Mr. Patterson, Hamlet; McNeil, Drunken Tramp; J. W. Woodley, Napoleon; Walter Bell and Cha's Martin, Damon and Pythias; Louis Selig, Clown; Daniel Morgan, Lone Fisherman; O. F. Baxter, Gen. U. S. A.; Charles Williams, Commodore U. S. N.; S. S. Irvin, Zouave; M. Gregory, Soldier, and Ed Underwood, Folly. Much fun was excited by the comic chaacters of an old woman carrying what appeared to be a large man upon her back, personated by Mr Cam Melick, and the Irish Policeman, by Mr. W. D. Lathrop. To the former the 1st prize to gentlemen—handkerchief and a finetooth comb—was awarded, and to the latter a pair of suspenders.

LOCAL MENTION.

Don't "bite off more than you can chaw."—It has been exceedingly cold the past week, but it is moderating now.—The unloading and loading of boats and cars at the Railroad depot make it one of the very busy parts of our town.—Our young townsman Jos. P. Kramer, who has been on a visit to Philadelphia, the Coal mines and other parts of the Old Keystone State, returned on Friday, accompanied by his cousin Miss Ida Sanders and his grandfather Mr. Jonathan Kramer, of Watsontown, Pa.—John D. Burfort esq., has moved from his farm at Old Trapp in Camden, to the place on West Main street he bought some time ago. For over 40 years the people of his county kept him in some public position. We welcome him to our midst.—The Mercantile and Commercial Club will hold its regular monthly meeting on Friday night, A report from the committee on Loan and Busilding Associations will be submitted.—Mr. Alonzo E. Bell, residing at the late Geo. D. Pool place, died on Saturday morning. He moved here a little over a year ago from Bell Cross. He was for some time Register of Deeds of Camden. His age was 65 years, 5 months and 14 days. He leaves a wife and nine children, with whom we sympathize in their sad bereavement.—Miss Camille Rodman, of Washington, is visiting Miss Loumattie Guirkin.—Elder Campbell occupied the pulpit of the Methodist Church on Sunday night.—Rev. Mr. Melick addressed the Reformed Club on Sunday.—Rev. A. H. Skinner, of Miss., has accepted a call to the Rectorship of the Episcopal Church here.—Our worthy townsman George F Green has been licensed as an exhorter in the Methodist connection.—The Pasquotank Rifles were out on parade and drill on Monday. They looked and performed well.

—A splendid $25 Harness for $20. Call at this Office.

—The celebrated "W. L. Douglas $3 Shoe," also a full line of his other advertised goods may be found at H. Weisel's, Agent, Elizabeth City.

—Bill heads, Letter heads, Cards, Posters, etc., neatly and cheaply printed at the CAROLINIAN Office. Call and see.

From Belvidere.

Editor CAROLINIAN:

One of our worthy citizens, Wm O. White, has 'joined the great majority." He ate his breakfast as usual on the morning of the 23d ult. and then went out to look after his stock. Not returning for dinner, a search was made finding him near his barn, lying insensible. He was taken to the house and medical aid called, but without avail. He died next day. He was about 70 years of age. He was a member of the Society of Friends, and was highly esteemed as a good citizen and an honest man. *

A Lynching at Plymouth.

Editor CAROLINIAN:

About midnight, on the 26th ult. a large body of masked and armed men came into town, broke open the jail, took the three negroes, Jackand Mat Blount and Pat Spruill, charged with the murder of the old clockmender near Cresswell, tied them to a tree and shot them to death. S.

Are you afflicted with dizziness, or a dull, heavy feeling throughout the forehead and temples? This often indicates torpor of the liver. which Laxador will promptly cure. It only costs 25 cents.

Laudanum and opium mixtures only stupefy and seldom cure. For diseases of infancy, use Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup—which is safe and sure in its effects. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere.

OUR BOYS AND GIRLS

CONDUCTED BY "COUSIN EVELEEN."

"Pleasures are like poppies spread;
You seize the flower, its bloom is shed,
Or like the snow fall, in the river,
A moment white then melts forever."

So sings the poet, from the depth of his inspired heart. Poor Burns! he knew well the deceit of Pleasure; he wrote of its effects from his own experience as a man; he sounded the note of warning as a poet.

Tennyson has written of the lotus eater, comparing pleasure seekers to sailors landed on the lotus shores, who having tasted of that fruit forgot home, friends, affection, everything but their individual selves, and cried to those who urged them to return to ship, and embark again, "Go away! Let us sleep! Let us alone!" and wrapped in dreams caused by the lotus, they perished one by one.

Such is Pleasure dear children. It is for you to avoid. Reasonable recreation is sometimes made an excuse for selfish indulgence. When this happens and friends who love you urge you to relinquish such recreations as have grown to be simply selfish pleasures—Ah! do not cry out like the sailors' "Go away! We are having a good time! Let us alone!" Remember the fate of the lotus-eaters.

People are not born to "have a good time." We all have *duties* to attend to, beginning with Miss Six-Year-Old, whose duty is to rock the baby's cradle—sometimes—to Mr. or Mrs So-and-So, of years they don't like to number and whose duties require the multiplication table to set forth. In the performance of Duty faithfully performed, there is a certain pleasure and that is the only pleasure children are safe in pursuing.

There is an old legend which tells of a certain knight who got lost in the Black Forest. He desired above all things to have a good time in this world, and he was furious at his misfortune in getting lost. After he had said a great many bad words, the Evil One appeared to him. The knight laughed at the spectre; he did not believe that he was awake; but he listened to the offers that the Evil One made to him and finally he signed an agreement, which read that the knight was to have a good time always, on consideration of his giving the Evil One, his *body through life and his soul after death.*

Of course the legend goes on to say that the knight repented, and a good hermit got back the agreement, and the Evil One lost his prize, but the great point of the story dear children, is just this, that any one who becomes selfish in the pursuit of pleasure by drinking too much or eating too much, or excess in anything, is wearing out body and soul—and not in a good or praiseworthy service.

Cash will be paid for a copy of the CAROLINIAN containing 'Song,' by Annie M.—beginning,

"The hour has come when we must part
Hand from hand, and heart from heart."

In response to numerous inquiries we are requested to state that Mrs. H. Murphy will receive a limited number of pupils in Writing and Book-keeping from 7 to 8 P. M. every night during the school week, at the usual rates.

COUSIN EVELEEN

ANSWERS TO PUZZLES OF Jan 25

To Decapitations by M.—No. 1. C-hoo. No. 2. R-ise. No. 3. W-ax. No. 4. F-lag No. 5. B-ox.

DECAPITATION.

By M.

No. 1. Behead one of the requisites of the artist, and leave a word forbidden by grammarians,
No. 2. Behead the name of an expected Presidential candidate and leave the retreat of the tion.
No. 3. Behead an article of clothing and leave a farm implement.

ENIGMA

By Fannie.

I am composed of 9 letters.
My 5 6 7 little girls must learn to do.
My 3 4 9 fashionable for garment.
My 3 4 2 6 makes good buttons.
My 7 8 2 2 1 6 a lady's name.
My 5 8 7 personal pronoun.
My 9 2 2 1 6 a lady's name.
My 7 9 2 of the masculine gender.
My whole is a collection of Poems by a popular poet.

Renews Her Youth.

Mrs. Phœbe Chesley, Peterson Clay Co., Iowa; tells the following remarkable story, the truth of which is vouched for by the residents of the town: "I am 73 years old, have been troubled with kidney complaint and lameness for many years; could not dress myself without help. Now I am free from all pain and soreness, and am able to do all my own house work. I owe my thanks to Electric Bitters for having renewed my youth and removed completely all disease and pain."—Try a bottle, 50c and $1 at Wood & Wadsworth's Drug Store.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay, quired. is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded, Price 25 cents per box FOR SALE BY WOOD & WADSWORTH.

The County Jail at Tarboro was burned on the 25th ult. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary. The prisoners in the jail—13 in number—were rescued and taken to Williamston.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powder. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co, 106 Wall Street, New York.

Dr. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

Cures Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Incipient Consumption, and relieves consumptive persons in advanced stages of the disease. Price 25 cts. Consumption. The Genuine *Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup* is sold only in white wrappers, and bears our registered Trade-Marks to wit: *A Bull's Head in a Circle, a Red Strip Caution-Label,* and the fac-simile signatures of *John F. Bull & A. C. Meyer & Co.*, Sole Prop'rs, Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

Chew Lange's Plugs—The great Tobacco Addote!—Price 10 Cts.—Sold by all Druggists.

TRAVEL & TRANSPORTATION.

NORFOLK SOUTHERN RAILROAD.

SCHEDULE IS, TAKES EFFECT OCT 3, 1887.

Mail and Express (Southbound) leaves Elizabeth City 12,30 P. M., Northbound, leaves at 3:30 P. M.,

Edenton Accomodation, daily except on Sunday leaves at 7 o'clock A. M., and returning, arrives 8,15 P. M.

The above Trains, which are Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, arrive at and depart from the Depot of the Norfolk Western Railroad at Norfolk.

Close connections at Norfolk with all rail and steamer lines.

At Elizabeth City—With steamboats for all points on Pasquotank, North, Alligator, Pamlico, Tar and Neuse rivers.

At Edenton—With N. S. R. R. Co's steamboats Plymouth, M. E. Roberts and Albemarle, for all points on Chowan, Scuppernong, Little, Cashie and Roanoke rivers, and Jamesville & Washington, and Albemarle & Raleigh railroads, and with steamer Keystone tri-weekly for Harrellsville, Winton, Murfreesboro and all landings on the Chowan and Meherin Rivers.

Norfolk Passenger and Freight Station at Norfolk and Western Railroad Depot.

Freight received daily, except Sundays.

Through tickets on sale and baggage checked between the principal stations and Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York by Bay Line and Old Dominion steamers and N. Y. S. and N. R. R., from Norfolk, and between Norfolk and Washington, Plymouth, Williamston, Windsor and Jamesville.

M. K. KING, General Manager.

EASTERN CAROLINA DESPATCH

FAST FREIGHT LINE.

Regular line of Steamers between Atlantic and North Carolina R. R., Newberne, Washington and Elizabeth City.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through Cars, and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

☞Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Despatch, as follows: From N'rfolk, by Norfolk Southern railroad; Baltimore by P. W. & B. R. R., President St., station; Philadelphia by Pennsylvania R. R., Dock St., station; New York by Penn a R. R., Pier 27 North River.

T. SELBY HARNEY,
Elizabeth City, N. C. Agent.

OFFICE OF
SUPERINTENDENT DISMAL SWAMP CANAL
Norfolk, Va. Oct'r 14, 1885.

THE DISMAL SWAMP CANAL, will admit sharp-built vessels drawing five feet water, lighter-built vessels, four feet.

The Locks will admit 96 feet, and 16½ breadth of beam.

Rafts secured with chains must not be over 14 feet wide; secured with binders, not over 12 feet wide. They must be well secured to satisfaction of the Canal authorities.

Steamers will not be admitted without a permit from this Office. The Steamers W. B. Rogers and Thomas Newton leave Norfolk every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7 A. M., for South Mills; returning, leave South Mills every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday, at 7, A. M. F. H. CAMP, Agent, Norfolk, JOHN JACOBS, Agent, South Mills.

HENRY ROBERTS, Superintendent.

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W. G. UNDERWOOD,
Surveyor & Civil Engineer.
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Attorney & Counsellor-at-Law
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Collections promptly made. ☞Special attention given to real estate.

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GRIFFIN & TEMPLE,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Practice in the Superior and Federal Courts of the First Judicial District, and in the Supreme Court of North Carolina. Special attention given to Conveyancing and collections.

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Attorneys and Counselors at Law.

Practices in the Superior Courts of the Albemarle Section, and the Supreme and Federal Courts of the State.

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GRANDY & AYDLETT,
Attorneys & Counselors at Law
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Will practice in all the Courts of North Carolina. Prompt attention given to collections.

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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office at residence, on South Road Street
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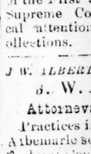
TO SPORTSMEN!

The subscriber would announce to his friends and the public that he is still THE OLD STAND ON ROAD STREET,
And keeps on hand an assortment of Rifle Pistols, Sporting Apparatus, and Cutlery, for Repairing in his line promptly done.
GEO. W. BELL

F. M. COOK,



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HOME MADE TIN WARE.

Roofing & Guttering.

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Makes regular connections with all the Trains and the Steamboats, promptly met on their arrival and departure. If notified in time passengers nor baggage will not be left.

IT DON'T SCARE US

Everybody else may complain, but

HARD TIMES DON'T TROUBLE US,

And they will not trouble you if you will come and trade with us;

We Know How To Meet

Your wants and make our prices suit the times.

NOISY COMPETITION

Has no chance of scaring us. Goods well bought are half sold.

We Have Bought Well

And now we ask you to give us a call and look over our stock of

Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes,

HATS, CARPETS, ETC.

When you have looked it over carefully and inquired the prices, you will say that

We Can Sell well!

This is no bluster. It is solemn truth. Our prices are lowest in the land, and the quality is higher than the highest.

Save Your Dollars

by trading with us. We are always ready to see you.

MOSES WEISEL,
CORNER MAIN & WATER STREETS, ELIZABETH CITY N. C.

Wholesale Department.

FOWLER & CO. have opened a Wholesale Dry goods, Notions and Shoe Department above their Retail Store and invite the Merchants of Eastern Carolina to call and examine Goods. Prices Guaranteed.

Carpet Department.

Back of their Shoe Store FOWLER & CO. have opened a Carpet Room, where you will find Brussels, Tapestry, Ingrains, Cotton and Hemp Carpets, Mattings, Smyrna Tapestry and Oil Rugs and Mats, and Floor Oil Cloth 1 to 3 yards wide.

Cloak & Clothing Department.

Back of their Dry Goods Store FOWLER & CO., have opened a Cloak and Clothing Department, where you can get Ladies and Childrens Cloaks & Wraps from Plush Cloaks at $20, down to $3.50.

FOWLER & CO., have 1300 feet more Space now to do business in and their customers will find their Dry Goods Store now comfortable and a larger variety of Dress Goods, Trimmings, Underwear, Blankets and Notions and Gents Furnishing Goods, &c., &c., to select from than ever before.

FOWLER & CO'S., Shoe Store is over run with Boots, Shoes and Hats, but every one who comes is politely waited on. Mail orders promptly filled.

J. B. FLORA

GROCER and TOBACCONIST,

AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN PROVISIONS, HAY, LIME, CEMENT, HAIR, PAINTS, OILS, ETC

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If you have not called on him do so at once; he will save you money

Dupont's Powder, Seal N. C. Smoking Tobacco, James Reed & Co.'s Cakes and Crackers, Harrison Bro's & Co.s R. M. Paints, Armor's Mince Meat and English Plum Pudding, Sold at Factory Prices.

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Low Prices Quick Sales, Square Dea

— WARES. — Queens-Ware, Porcelain, French & Decorated ware, Glass-ware Chandeliers, Window Glass, etc.

FURNITURE Household Furnishing Goods, Tin-ware, Wooden-ware Table Cutlery Baskets, Childrens' Carriages, Pictures, Mouldings, Looking Glasses, Floor & Table Oil Cloths, Wall Paper.

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MOST DURABLE AND BEST SHOOTING GUN MADE.

Strong, simple, well balanced. All have Top Lever, Low Hammers, Rebounding Locks, Interchangeable Parts, Extension Rib, Self-Fastening Compensating Toe End, Rubber Butt Plate.

Close Hard Shooting Guns at Long Range a Specialty.
SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

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Over Ten Thousand Trial Packages mailed to patients a large proportion of whom took a full treatment and were restored to health by use of DR. PEIRCE'S SEMINAL PASTILLES. Sure Cure for Nervous Debility, Organic Weakness and Physical Decay in Young or Middle Aged Men. Tested for Eight Years in many thousands of cases they absolutely restore prematurely worn and broken down men to the full enjoyment of perfect and full Manly Strength and Vigorous Health. To those who suffer from the many obscure diseases brought about by Indiscretion, Exposure, Over-Brain Work, or too free Indulgence, we ask that you send us your name with statement of your trouble, and secure a TRIAL PACKAGE FREE, with Illustrated Pamphlet &c.

RUPTURED PERSONS can have FREE Trial of our Appliance. Ask for Terms!

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Avoid the imposition of pretended worthless remedies for these troubles, and left Quacks whose only aim is to bleed you of your means. Take a SURE REMEDY that has CURED thousands, does not interfere with attention to business, or cause pain or inconvenience in any way. Founded on scientific medical principles, by direct application to the seat of disease its specific influence is felt without delay. The natural functions of the human organism restored. The wasted animating elements of life are given back, the perfect become cheerful and rapidly gains both strength and health

TREATMENT.—One Month, $3. Two Mos. $5. Cures, if

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NEARLY TWO THOUSAND PAGES

Of the choicest works of the best American authors. Among the Complete Novels which have already appeared are: "Brueton's Bayou," "Miss Defarge," "Sinfire," "A Self-Made Man," "Kenyon's Wife," "Douglas Duane," "The Deserter," "The Whistling Buoy," "At Anchor," "A Land of Love," "The Red Mountain Mines," "Apple Seed and Brier Thorn," "The Terra-Cotta Bust," "From the Ranks," "Check and Counter-Check," etc. etc. The subscription price of this "King of the Monthlies" is but $3.00 a year. Sample copy sent on receipt of 10 cents in stamps. Address

LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE, PHILADELPHIA.

LUMBER WANTED

GIRARD SHIPPING CO
PHILADELPHIA
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

JOHN GORDON committed suicide in New York by jumping through a heavy plate glass, lacerating his body fearfully and falling forty feet to the sidewalk.

JAMES MARTIN, an inmate of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Home at Erie, Penn., was frozen to death while on leave of absence.

CAPTAIN SAMUEL WATTS, of Boston, one of the heaviest shipowners in the United States, has in the past few weeks lost three fine ships in rapid succession. The value of each ship was not less than $100,000.

DANIEL DRISCOLL was hanged in the New York Tombs prison on Monday for the murder of a young woman named Beezie Garrity.

THE boiler of the tug Zouave exploded in New York Harbor and scalded four men, one fatally.

FIFTY members of Peter Cooper Post, G. A. R., were arrested in New York City for marching in the streets with the body of a comrade.

SMALLPOX is epidemic at Brooklyn, N. Y., the hospital containing thirty patients and the average each day being ten new cases.

THE striking Reading miners have petitioned the Legislature to seize the mines by right of "eminent domain" and operate them for the best interests of all.

WILLIAM DEMPSEY, a Brooklyn printer, dropped dead during a prize fight with "Swipes the Newsboy," at Fort Hamilton, N. Y.

JOHN F. KELLY has succeeded John G. Gopsill as Postmaster at Jersey City, N. J.

FIRE at Philadelphia destroyed the millinery establishments of Marks Brothers and Adolph Heller, causing a loss of $1,000,000.

AT Baxterville, N. Y., two passenger coaches were derailed and rolled down an embankment, fatally injuring four persons.

IN many parts of New England and the Middle States the weather has been the coldest experienced in years, the thermometer registering all the way from ten to thirty degrees below zero.

PRESIDENT CORBIN, of the Reading Road, and the striking unions have issued statements defining their position. Each side refused to yield.

THE doors of the First National Bank, of Auburn, N. Y., were closed on Monday, pending an examination of its affairs. Cashier Charles O'Brien and the bookkeeper, Elmer E. Moore, had fled, and there were rumors of a heavy deficit caused by lending funds on insufficient security.

WILLIAM W. LAWSON, a prominent politician of Buffalo, N. Y., fell off a ladder and was killed.

EDWARD COFFEY died from self-inflicted wounds while confined at Pittsburg, Penn., for murder.

CHARLES G. GARRISON is appointed to succeed the late Joel Parker on the New Jersey Supreme Court bench.

GEORGE W. KNOOK, a wealthy miser of Philadelphia, Penn., died of starvation.

South and West.

REPORTS come from the wheat districts of Texas to the effect that in many counties every field of winter wheat has been destroyed.

THE home of Frank Smith, at Lima, Ohio, was burned, and Mr. and Mrs. Smith and their five children were roasted alive.

IN a fight at Moose Canyon, Cal., for the possession of a farm, between Lewis Stone, assisted by the Sheriff, and a family of Goens, three persons were killed and two desperately wounded.

MRS. OLNEY, of Vanderbilt, Mich., murdered her six months old child by throwing it under the cars.

BAKER and Hilt, two Arkansas farmers, quarrelled while laying off a farm for their son and daughter, who were to be married, and fatally wounded each other with bowie knives.

THE latest reports place the number of victims of the blizzard in the Northwest at 235.

WHILE the mercury was 56 below zero a rickety frame boarding house took fire at Tower, Mich., and fourteen inmates perished.

MRS. ELIZA BALLOU GARFIELD, the aged mother of the late President James A. Garfield, died a few days ago at Mentor, Ohio. She was born in New Hampshire in 1801.

WALTER L. GIBSON, ex-Prime Minister under King Kalakaua, of the Sandwich Islands, died at San Francisco, Cal.

AT Marysville, Kansas, two passenger coaches and the mail and express cars were thrown off a high embankment, rolling over twice in the descent. Eleven passengers were injured, three fatally.

OLIVER SCAWAB, a steamboat engineer at Covington, Ky., killed his stepson, Garrett Spaulding.

THE United States Supreme Court denied the appeal of Maxwell, the murderer of Preller at St. Louis, and he must hang. Both murderer and his victim are Englishmen.

FIFTEEN citizens of Crawford County, Indiana, engaged in a general fight, in which W. E. Moore was fatally and William Cunningham seriously shot. Bert Brown's skull was crushed.

THE main which supplies Lima, Ohio, with natural gas has burst, entailing great suffering from cold on the citizens.

JOHN T. ALLEN, ex-State Treasurer of Texas, is dead. He left $30,000 to found an industrial school for boys at Austin.

Washington.

A RECEPTION and banquet was given to Commander in Chief Rea by the G. A. R. at Washington.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND is said to be strongly in favor of holding the next Democratic National Convention in New York City, and it is reported that a majority of the Democratic National Committee are of the same view.

THE postoffice officials have decided to change the color of the four-cent stamp, with General Grant's head on it, from green to bright vermilion.

SPEAKER CARLISLE said he would walk out of the House rather than submit to the reopening of the Thoebe-Carlisle election contest.

THE Senate in secret session ratified a commercial treaty with Guatemala.

THE President has nominated Marshall McDonald of the District of Columbia to be Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries; John W. Ross to be Postmaster at Washington, and John Blair Hoge to be United States Attorney for the District of Columbia.

A SKATING party consisting of Count Gregzor, of the Russian Legation, Dr. Dickson, of the Navy, Richard Peters, and three ladies, all prominent Washington society people, fell through the ice on the Potomac and were with difficulty rescued from drowning by the Navy Yard Patrol.

VISCOUNT DAS NOGUIERAS, the Portuguese Minister at Washington, is dead.

Foreign.

REAR ADMIRAL LOUIS HUTTON VERSTURME, of the British navy, suicided at Falmouth, England.

A POWDER magazine exploded at Amby China, killing 200 Chinamen.

COMMANDANT BRASSEUR, a French veteran of the Franco-Prussian war, is dead.

A CENTENARY celebration was held in London in honor of Lord Byron, the poet.

BIG BEAR, the accomplice of Riel, the Canadian rebel, and the chief who led the Frog Lake massacre, is dead.

ARCHBISHOP RYAN presented President Cleveland's gift to the Pope, who spoke in complimentary terms of American institutions.

A DISASTROUS fire in the business centre of Montreal, Can., destroyed property valued at $500,000. Several firemen were frozen stiff, and the water froze so quickly after being thrown from the hose that it was almost impossible to check the flames.

THERE is a deficit of $350,000 in the Manitoba Treasury.

LATER NEWS.

LOUIS DRUCKEN, a constable at New Canaan, Conn., killed a man named Sheeler, and then committed suicide.

AN open switch near Newcastle, Penn., wrecked two freight trains and severely wounded seven employes.

AN explosion at the Metallic Cap Works, Huntingdon Valley, Penn., killed three men and seriously wounded three.

SOME of the striking miners in the Schuylkill region decided to return to work in individual colliories.

A BILL has passed the Mississippi Legislature pensioning disabled Confederate soldiers who are unable to work and the colored ex-servants of the same who are similarly situated.

JAMES MORRISSEY and John Reardin were killed at Otsego Lake, Mich., in an accident on a logging tramway, and five others were seriously hurt.

THE Senate Committee on Agriculture has had a hearing on the bill to provide for the branding of lard, to provide against adulteration. Large Chicago manufacturers admitted that lard is adulterated with suet, cotton seed oil, stearine, and neutral oil, as much as forty per cent., but they claimed that none of the foreign ingredients are harmful.

THE President has nominated James R. Roosevelt, of New York, for Secretary of Legation at Vienna, and A. H. Longin, of Mississippi, to be Attorney of the United States for the Southern District of Mississippi.

THE finances in the Island of Hayti are in an alarming state, and a revolution is imminent.

GENERAL DIAZ has announced his candidature for re-election as President of Mexico. He is opposed by General Escobelo.

LATER reports from the mine disaster in British Columbia place the number of victims at about one hundred.

By an explosion of gunpowder at Brest-Litbosk, Russian Poland, eleven persons were killed and thirty injured.

A FIGHT occurred in Philippopolis, Bulgaria, between the partisans of Prince Ferdinand and Prince Alexander, and several officers were wounded. The city was declared in a state of siege, and everything with reference to the affair was suppressed.

OVER fifty delegates, representing 1,000 of the producers who supply the Boston market, have organized a milk trust.

IN Henderson township, Penn., masked men bound and tortured a miserly old woodsman named Henry Merritts, to make him reveal the hiding place of his money. They secured $1,500 and fled. He was fatally injured.

MARIA BOTSFORD, a penurious old lady, was found dead in her hut near Ansonia, Conn., and it is supposed she was murdered for the $7,000 she was known to possess.

THE Louisiana Republicans have nominated a full State ticket headed by ex-Governor Henry C. Warnsworth for Governor. The platform declares strongly for protection.

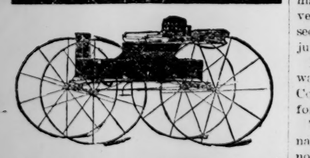
GEORGE PEPPER, a tramp, formerly a Pennsylvania oil operator, and who lost $500,000 in Wall Street, died from exposure at Sarcoxie, Mo.

INVESTIGATION shows that John Wilkins, of St. Paul, Minn., who has been sued for divorce by his wife Lillie, has eight wives living.

NEAR Youngstown, Ohio, George Masten put dynamite on the stove to thaw, when it exploded, killing him and two Italians and seriously wounding two more.

SAYERS & SCOVILL

VEHICLES.



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GENESEO ROAD CART!

First Premium and Gold Medal at New Orleans Exposition, 1886.

Thousands rode in it at the World's Exposition, New Orleans, 1884-5, at Louisville Exposition, Ky., 1885, and pronounced it the best in the world; also at the Minneapolis Industrial Exposition, 1886, and received the highest honors.

This Cart rides as easy as any Buggy, and is positively free from Horse Motion.

Has two cranks to move in unison with the horse's step, and always keeps the body in a horizontal line.

OUR GUARANTEE.

We will sell you a Geneseo on TEN DAYS TRIAL and guarantee it to ride as easy and to be AS FREE FROM HORSE MOTION as any buggy. If not just as represented, return to us at our expense.

STOOD THE TEST FOR OVER TWO YEARS.

Send for Circulars & Testimonials.

AGENTS WANTED

in every Town not already taken.

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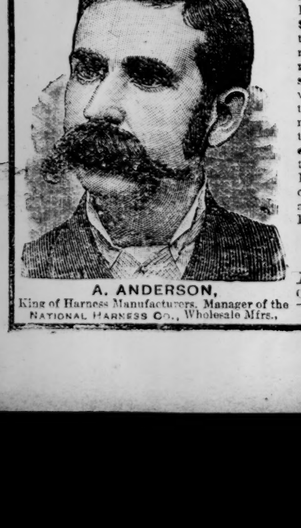

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DEAR SIR: Do you want to see the latest WONDER of '87. ANSWER TODAY. A $35 Single Harness reduced to $25. The finest Harness MADE for the money. Handsome nickel or imitation rubber gold finish mountings. HAND made from oak stock, unsurpassed for style and durability. If you will allow us we will send you a sample for your inspection to show you what progress we have made by making a SPECIALTY and getting out over 800 sets each month. You can keep the sample at only $20, $5 less than price here or return at OUR EXPENSE. Can we make a more liberal offer? We shall expect to hear from you at once saying YES send on your Harness. Folded or single strap style.

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Wholesale Manufacturers,

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A. ANDERSON,

King of Harness Manufacturers, Manager of the NATIONAL HARNESS CO., Wholesale Mfrs.,

Collar and Hames, $2 Extra. No Breast Collar

Double Style for two horses, Price, $5.00.

TWO TRAGEDIES.

One On the Land, the Other On the Sea.

Miners Die By Firedamp---Starvation in a Lifeboat.

A frightfully fatal explosion has occurred in No. 5 pit of the Wellington collieries, Victoria, British Columbia, by which upward of fifty lives were lost.

An eye witness states that he was about one hundred yards from the pit when he heard a report like that of a large cannon, and there instantly shot far into the air a dense mass of black smoke and dust, which converted the snow-covered ground into an inky deposit. When this subsided a portion of the fan house had been destroyed, as well as the wood work in the shaft. Manager Bryden immediately proceeded to repairing the fan house, which was quickly accomplished, and the fan started again.

The shaft timbers were destroyed so that cages could not be used, but pulleys and ropes were immediately prepared for the work of rescue. The first man to come out of the pit had climbed by means of the cage wire cable through the shattered timbers to within one hundred feet of the top. A rope was then lowered to him, and he reached the surface in an exhausted condition.

A second miner was also enabled to get out by this perilous method, but a third, when fifty feet from the top, loosed his hold, and fell to certain death at the bottom of the shaft. Two men were then lowered as a search party, and they returned, stating that nothing could be heard but calls from below.

Fortunately the mine had not fired, so danger from this source was averted. A temporary cage was made and lowered to a considerable depth, the miners climbing to it by means of ladders, so that at 1 o'clock 103 of the 160 men in the mine had been rescued.

One white man, Robert Williams, the unfortunate who fell, was taken out dead. The explosion took place in the last level, and in this twenty-five white miners and a number of Chinese were imprisoned. Fears that they were all killed were verified later, for at five o'clock all the white men were carried to the surface dead, and the work of taking out the Chinese was begun.

Ten Days In an Open Boat.

Among the passengers who arrived in New York on the steamship San Marcos from Havana were seven of the crew of the bark D. Chapin, of Boston, which had foundered at sea a few days since. The survivors were adrift in a boat about ten days without food or water. Captain W. C. Hull, the cook and a seaman perished from hunger and privation, and the rest got so desperate that they were tempted to turn cannibals. Ira W. Colbeth, the mate, told the story of their distress. The bark left Turk's Island on December 13th for Boston, with a cargo of salt. In the Christmas Day gale a giant wave stove in her waist all of a sudden and sent the men to the boat.

The ten men rowed about for three days, having almost constantly to bail out, and on the night of the third day saw a steamer pass so near that the masts were visible. After the steamer was out of sight Captain Hall became delirious, and the next morning he died. He was at once buried. On December 31 John Anderson, the Japanese steward, died, and on New Year's Day Hans Peter Peterson died. New Year's afternoon it began to rain, and in an old rubber coat and a tin can about three quarts of rain water were caught. The mate divided the water equally among the starving men, but none could be kept, as the can leaked. On the eighth day, the mate says, all were very hungry, and had terrible cramps in the stomach. On the ninth day there was a heavy wind from the east, and the oars were stuck up as sails. Fair progress was made, but no vessel was sighted. Early the next morning, however, the schooner Louis G. Rabel, from Boston for Sagua, came in sight and soon after picked up the almost exhausted men, who had to be hauled up the side with ropes. Mate Jasper, who first saw the boat, was an old schoolmate of Mate Colbeth's in Machiasport, Me. The schooner landed the seven men at Sagua, whence they were forwarded to Havana. The United States Consul there sent them to New York.

A BANK ROBBED.

One Robber Shot, Another Hanged and Two Jailed.

About eleven o'clock Saturday, at Limestone, Indian Territory, four masked men, all heavily armed, rode up to the door of the Citizens' Bank and dismounted. The leader entered the bank, and presenting a pistol at the head of the cashier, W. T. Reynolds, demanded that he turn over the cash on hand.

While pretending to comply Reynolds slammed the door of the safe to and turned the lock. He was at once laid out by a bullet from the pistol of one of the desperadoes, which struck him above the heart, killing him instantly.

The bank was then ransacked and all the money in the cash drawer, some $2,300, was taken. An attempt was made to open the safe, but in this the robbers were foiled. As the sound of the pistol shot was heard several people came running toward the bank to ascertain the cause of the trouble. They were fired upon by three of the men who were on guard and retreated to get arms. In a few moments the town was aroused and twenty or thirty armed men hurried toward the bank.

The robbers were just mounting their horses and a hot fire started, in which one of the robbers, Thomas Evan, was killed outright, being shot several times in the head and body. He was identified as a ranchman, living near town. In the melee four citizens were wounded, but not fatally, two receiving shots through the arms and two others being slightly wounded in the lower extremities.

The three surviving robbers then rode away with the booty captured. An examination of the bank discovered the body of the dead cashier, and a posse of pursuers was soon upon the trail of the flying outlaws, who were riding rapidly in the direction of Atoka. After about an hour's hard pursuit they were surrounded, captured and taken back to Limestone, where Judge Lynch was called on to hold court.

The three men were tried. The leader was found guilty of the murder of Reynolds and forthwith strung up. The other two were placed in charge of a strong guard and started for Fort Washita, where they were turned over to the United States authorities. The stolen money was recovered.

The robbers were all citizens and cattle ranchers of the near neighborhood, and this is not the first time that crime has been traced to their doors. A brother of Evan was found stealing cattle last spring and hanged by the vigilantes, while another brother is now awaiting trial for highway robbery in the Cherokee Nation in February, 1887, and is in jail at Fort Smith, Ark.

A BLIZZARD ROMANCE.

A Drummer Finds His Future Bride in a Deep Snow Drift.

There have come to light a few bright and cheery pictures from the terrible blizzard which has desolated the West, carrying death and suffering to thousands of homes, says the New York *Sun*.

But a story with romantic variations comes from Sioux City, Iowa. In a rude log cabin by the Cheyenne River a French Canadian named Robeaun once lived a lawless life. He married a comely Indian maiden, and a rosy cheeked, brown eyed girl was born to them, and they named her Lillian.

A band of vigilantes hanged the lawless Robeaun, and soon afterward his wife died, leaving the young girl alone in the world. A family at Chamberlain adopted Lillian, and she grew up a handsome and accomplished young woman. Just before the great blizzard came Miss Lillian was visiting friends at Huron, and on the day of the storm had gone a short distance in the country to see a friend.

On January 11, Harry Oglebee, a St. Louis commercial traveler, arrived at Huron. The day of the dreadful blizzard he found himself in the suburbs of Huron. After wandering about a half hour he found a woman in a deep snow drift. Rescuing her from a possible grave, the two set out and soon found a farm house, where their wants were cared for. The young woman was Lillian Robeaun.

Sequel: The young people were quietly married at a hotel in Sioux City on Monday last. The handsome daughter of a once notorious outlaw became the happy bride of an industrious commercial traveler, and the blizzard which brought ineradicable sorrow to others brought them a gladness which cannot be measured.

AN Englishman visited the tower of the Cathedral at Cordova with a gypsy guide. Two shots were heard, and the Englishman came down with blood on his clothes. The dead body of the gypsy was found at the top of the tower, and the Englishman was arrested; but the story that he was attacked by the guide and shot him in self-defense was accepted, and he was released.

LOUISA EVANS, of Flemingburg, Kentucky, six years old, was tried on a writ of lunacy and ordered to the Lexington Insane Asylum. The case is remarkable because of the youth of the patient. She is very violent.

SUMMARY OF CONGRESS.

Senate Proceedings.

24TH DAY.—The Attorney General responded to the Senate resolution inquiring into the employment of Assistant District Attorney Westbrook, to the effect that he had no information on the subject.... The Western Union Telegraph Company presented through Mr. Beck a protest against the Postal Telegraph bill.... Mr. Hoar presented the resolution from the Massachusetts Peace Movement Meeting. Referred to Committee on Foreign Relations.... The resolution was adopted calling for a close investigation of the Jackson, Miss., election.... Bills reported: For the admission of the State of Dakota and the organization of Lincoln Territory; the Melbourne Exposition bill was reported and passed; Mr. Chandler asked for information from the Secretary of the Navy concerning certain contracts and changes in construction of war vessels.... Various pension bills were introduced.

25TH DAY.—The President sent a report concerning the management of Industrial Homes in Utah, which was referred to Committee on Territories.... Mr. Vest presented a petition from the contractor for the new library building, whose object was to hasten work on the structure.... Mr. Voorhees introduced a bill for the admission of the State of Montana.... After much discussion the President's Pacific Railway Message was referred to a committee of seven by a vote of 54 to 15.

26TH DAY.—A resolution was adopted paying Mr. Lucas, who contested the seat of Mr. Faulkner, $1,000 for expenses.... Mr. Jones reported a resolution asking a committee to inquire whether Washington street railways were paying just taxes.... Mr. Quay had passed a resolution requesting information from the President as to the payment of awards between the United States and Venezuela.... Mr. Evarts introduced a petition for an International copyright law.... Mr. Chandler's resolution calling for an investigation of contracts and changes in original plans for construction in the Navy Department was passed.... The Urgent Deficiency Appropriation bill was passed.

27TH DAY.—Mr. Quay called up the bill which was passed, allowing $30 per month as a pension for total deafness.... After debate, the bill granting a pension of $2,000 per year to the widow of General John H. Logan was passed by a vote of 35 to 7.... A like pension was granted to the widow of General Frank P. Blair.... The Blair Educational bill was taken up for consideration.

House Proceedings.

22D DAY.—On motion of Mr. Payson a bill was passed providing that letters patent and copyrights may, by direction of the Secretary of the Interior, be signed by one of the assistant secretaries.... Mr. Dunham presented the memorial of the National Board of Trade, in session at Washington, in favor of adequate appropriations for the improvement of navigable rivers and harbors. Referred.

23D DAY.—Mr. Crisp, of Ga., called up the contested election case of Thoebe against Carlisle, the question being to consider the resolution of the Election Committee confirming Mr. Carlisle's title. A vote being taken, no quorum was found present, so a motion to adjourn prevailed.

24TH DAY.—The resolution confirming the majority report in the Thoebe-Carlisle election case was passed by a vote of 164 to 7.... The following bills were introduced: Mr. Oates, to refund the bonded debt at 3½ per cent.; Mr. Townshend, to pension teamsters of the Mexican War, and to tax salt used for curing pork; Mr. Lawlor, to appropriate $100,000 for statues of Generals Logan and Shields; Mr. Newton, making eligible to the army any Confederate soldier; Mr. Enloe, to punish dealing in agricultural product futures; Mr. Durham, appropriating $150,000 to build an air ship for passengers; Mr. Butler, to provide for the sending to any veteran who may desire it a copy of the Congressional Record free of charge.... A resolution was introduced urging the speedy settlement of the Fisheries question.

25TH DAY.—Mr. Richardson reported a resolution, asking the Public Printer why he had discharged men when the necessary work was greatly in arrears, and if he had given preference in employment to honorably discharged soldiers.... The following bills were introduced: Appropriating $175,000 to repair the ship Hartford; for the erection of a signal service building at Washington; to reward Esquimaux for acts of humanity to shipwrecked seamen.... The advisability of maintaining the Fort Brown Military Reservation, Texas, was discussed and a resolution was passed requesting more information.... A bill was introduced discontinuing revenue districts where receipts do not equal expenses.... A bill was placed on the calendar making bills of lading conclusive evidence in some cases.

26TH DAY.—Mr. Randall introduced a bill to appoint a Board of Engineers to decide whether it was expedient to remove Smith's Island and Windmill Island from Delaware River in the interest of commerce.... Mr. Morrow presented a bill to reward the Japanese who extended humane treatment to the crew of the wrecked bark Cashmere.... Mr. Henderson reported a bill to amend the Internal Revenue laws so that the court, in its discretion, can impose the maximum penalty for the slightest offense, and the warrant of arrest is returnable in the county of arrest.... Mr. Belmont introduced a bill to readmit free of duty exhibits sent to the Paris Exposition in 1889.... Mr. Lander sought information whether $346,641,409 in United States notes existed in 1878.

27TH DAY.—Mr. Bland reported a bill to discontinue the coinage of the three-cent piece.... A bill was passed authorizing the sale of Kansas lands that were reserved for certain New York Indians.... A bill was passed authorizing the suspension of the tonnage tax only in the case of vessels whose country exempts American vessels from a similar tax.... A bill was passed to the effect that in suits transferred from a State to a Federal Court the plaintiff is not required to give bond for costs if he resides in the State where suit originated.... A memorial was presented from the Society of Friends of the United States, Canada, England and Ireland asking the establishment of an international arbitration tribunal.... $175,000 was appropriated to repair the ship Hartford.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC.

PARIS is to have a new theatre, to be devoted to magic.

THE new Italian Opera at St. Petersburg scores a brilliant success.

RICHARD MANSFIELD has had a Lake Superior trading steamer named after him.

EMMA NEVADA, now in Italy, will sing in Russia and England before the year is out.

STEEL MACKAYE holds that "Paul Kauvar" was written as much for posterity as for the present day.

IMRE KIRALFY states that he has positively engaged Blondin, the original famous tightrope walker, to appear at Staten Island, next summer.

MISS ELLEN TERRY says that more than anything else she envies Americans their long vacations in summer. She takes only one month of rest during the year.

JOSEF HOFMANN, the boy pianist, was the guest recently of Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, and in the presence 400 ladies and gentlemen displayed his wonderful abilities.

HERR HALLMAN, the King of 'cellists, is on his way to London to join a concert company organized by Mme. Trebelli. Alice Whitacre, the American soprano, will be with the party.

DURING the next two months the eminent tragedians, Booth and Barrett, will act in various large cities of the South, and will visit San Francisco. Their tour will extend to May 16.

ANOTHER musical prodigy has been unearthed in the person of Robert Smith, whose age is ten years. He is a stout, active, playful, rosy-cheeked fellow, self-taught, and he plays the clarionet.

AT Lester Wallack's benefit in the Metropolitan Opera House, New York, next May, "Hamlet" will be played, with Booth in the title part, Barrett as Laertes and Jefferson as first grave digger.

M. COQUELIN, the French actor, who has lately been on an Oriental tour, gave a performance at Constantinople on board Mr. W. K. Vanderbilt's yacht, the Alva, for which he was paid $3,000.

CAMELLIA DAHL, of the "Woman Against Woman" company, performing in the West, was accidentally stabbed in the hand by the villain and bled seriously, but pluckily played on until the curtain fell.

THE well-known theatrical manager, Henry E. Abbey, has paid in full a debt of $283,000, contracted four years ago by himself and partner, Mr. Schoefel, in consequence of a disastrous season of Italian opera in New York.

BOOTH and Barrett played in Richmond recently. Seats for their single performance were sold at auction and averaged $6.50 apiece. The proscenium boxes went for $65 each. The total of the advanced sale was about $2,400.

RICHARD GOLDEN, the comedian, intends to resume starring the next season, and, with the assistance of William Gill—who will go down to fame as part author of "Adonis"—will revive a farce comedy called "Old Jed Prouty. Golden will play the title role, an old Maine tavern keeper.

MARY ANDERSON has concluded arrangements for her season in New York. Her engagement begins there on November 12. "A Winter's Tale" will be reproduced exactly as it has been given in London. All the scenery, costumes and properties will be transferred from the Lyceum to New York.

A GANG of Iowa counterfeiters are making cast-iron dollars. They are heavily plated with silver, stand the test of acid, are good weight, and are detected only by the ring.

A BLIZZARD IN THE EAST.

New England Visited By the Worst Storm Known in Years.

High Snow Drifts Greatly Impede Traffic in Many Places.

A heavy wind and snow storm has visited New England and portions of the Middle States, greatly delaying the railroads in almost every direction. A Boston dispatch says:

A very good imitation of a Western blizzard, if indeed it is not the genuine article, settled down on New England. In the northern and western sections it was accompanied by an unusually heavy snowfall. On the coast but little snow fell, but the wind during the day blew a veritable gale. Boston Harbor has not been in such a dangerous condition since 1875. The new 1,000-ton four-masted schooner Clara Goodwin, from Portsmouth to Baltimore, was caught in the ice off Chatham, and was sinking when the big tug Underwriter got hold of her and towed her back to Boston. There was a fleet of 50 sail off Chatham, ice bound. With the southeast gale which prevailed the ice was piled up and they are firmly held. An unusual number of disasters are expected.

The blizzard has been most severely felt in New Hampshire and Maine. It is the worst storm that has been known for years. The railroads were in a bad condition when this storm came on. Snow was piled high on the sides of the tracks, and now these tracks are buried deep under drifts that will take days to clear away. Through travel on the northern railroads was practically paralyzed. Dover, N. H., was blockaded with two feet of snow on the level and badly drifted. The North Berwick express was stalled at Berwick. The express from Portland struck a snow plow at Old Orchard and was half buried under the snow. At Nashua the barometer was unusually low. The snow was heavy and damp.

From Vermont and Maine similar reports to the foregoing were received. Trains were stopped by huge snow drifts, and the telegraph and telephone wires were down in many directions. The roads and streets about many of the towns and villages were impassable.

Along the Hudson the severest snow storm experienced in many years prevailed. When the snow storm subsided a regular blizzard began, scattering the snow in all directions, blockading roads, stopping ferries, and delaying travel. Trains on the New York Shore road were two to four hours behind time. Section men were sent out in all directions, but as soon as they cleared the snow from the cuts they were drifted full again. On the Ulster and Delaware Railroad, which runs through the Catskill Mountain region to Hobart, Delaware County, all trains were stalled. Drifts formed four to six feet high. A special train from Phœnicia, having an excursion party aboard, was stuck in a snow drift at Beaverkill Swamp, where it was obliged to remain for eight hours. The heavy wind caused the cars to rock, and the passengers were in constant fear that they would topple over. In Central New York and in portions of Pennsylvania the storm was also severe, and the heavy fall of snow caused numerous blockades on the railroads.

The Homeliest Man in Town.

As well as the handsomest, and others are invited to call on any druggist and get *free* a trial bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, a remedy that is selling entirely upon its merits and is guaranteed to cure and relieve all Chronic and Acute Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis and Consumption. Large bottles, 50 cents and $1.

NOTWITHSTANDING New York is such a great agricultural State, out of the thirty-two Senators at Albany but one is a farmer.

A Bloody Affray

is often the result of "bad blood" in a family or community, but nowhere is bad blood more destructiveness of happiness and health than in the human system. When the life current is foul and sluggish with impurities, and is slowly distributing its poisons to every part of the body, the peril to health, and life even, is imminent. Early symptoms are dull and drowsy feelings, severe headaches, coated tongue, poor appetite, indigestion and general lassitude. Delay in treatment may entail the most serious consequences. Don't let disease get a strong hold on your constitution, *but treat yourself* by using Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and be restored to the blessings of health. All druggists.

IN proportion to its area, Holland has a larger number of cows than any other country.

Jenks' Dream.

Jenks had a queer dream the other night. He bought he saw a prize-fighters' ring, and in the middle of it stood a doughty little champion who met and deliberately knocked over, one by one, a score or more of big, burly-looking fellows, as they advanced to the attack. Giants as they were in size, and in many instances as they were in strength, the valiant pigmy proved more than a match for them. It was all so funny that Jenks woke up laughing. He accounts for the dream by the fact that he had just come to the conclusion, after trying nearly every big, drastic pill on the market, that Pierce's tiny Purgative Pellets easily "knock out" and beat all the rest hollow!

A TOOTHPICK factory recently started in Maine expects to work up 2,000 cords of wood this winter.

Itching Piles.

Symptoms—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in many cases removes the tumors. Equally efficacious in curing all Skin Diseases. DR. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia. Sent by mail for 50 cts. Also sold by druggists.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c. per bottle.

'ROYAL GLUE' mends anything! Broken China, Glass, Wood. Free Vials at Drugs & Gro.

Aged People

Whose blood has become thin or impure are especially liable to attacks of rheumatism, or to that weakness called "general debility." The pains and aches of the former are relieved by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which purifies and vitalizes the blood, while it also tones and builds up the whole system. Try Hood's Sarsaparilla and realize the peculiar benefit which it gives.

"Have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla for dyspepsia and as a tonic alterative, with the most beneficial results. I have also used it for rheumatism with good effect. I regard it as one of the very best family medicines, and would not will ingly be without it."—A. B. CURRY, Providence, R. I.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

NY N U—1

Blair's Pills. Great English Gout and Rheumatic Remedy, Oval Box, 34 round, 14 Pills.

$5 to **$8** a day. Samples worth $1.50, FREE Lines not under the horse's feet. Write Brewster Safety Rein Holder Co., Holly, Mich.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

Beef, good to prime	6½ @	8¼
Calves, common to prime	9 @	13
Sheep	4¾ @	5¾
Lambs	5¾ @	6¾
Hogs—Live	5 50 @	5 80
Dressed	7 @	8¼
Flour—Ex. St., good to fancy	4 50 @	4 75
West, good to choice	2 90 @	5 10
Wheat—No. 2 Red	89¾ @	90¾
Rye—State	56 @	—
Barley—State	82 @	—
Corn—Ungraded Mixed	50¾ @	—
Oats—White State	39¾ @	39¾
Mixed Western	37 @	40
Hay—Med. to prime	80 @	85
Straw—No. 1, Rye	99 @	100
Lard—City Steam	7 50 @	7 80
Butter—State Creamery	33½ @	34
Dairy	20 @	28
West. Im. Creamery	20 @	24
Factory	14 @	24
Cheese—State Factory	12½ @	12¾
Skims	10 @	11
Western	11½ @	11¾
Eggs—State and Penn	24 @	25

BUFFALO.

Steers—Western	3 25 @	3 75
Sheep—Good to Choice	4 75 @	5 25
Lambs—Western	4 25 @	6 00
Hogs—Good to Choice Yorks	5 50 @	5 55
Flour—Family	4 75 @	5 15
Wheat—No. 1	— @	91½
Corn—No. 2, Mixed	55¾ @	56¾
Oats—No. 2, Mixed	36 @	36½
Barley—State	88 @	89

BOSTON.

Beef—Good to choice	8 @	8¼
Hogs—Live	5¼ @	6
Northern Dressed	6¾ @	7¼
Pork—Ex. Prime, per bbl	13 75 @	14 25
Flour—Spring Wheat pat's	4 70 @	4 95
Corn—High Mixed	64¾ @	65¾
Oats—Extra White	45½ @	46¾
Rye—State	60 @	66

WATERTOWN (MASS.) CATTLE MARKET.

Beef—Dressed weight	7 @	7¼
Sheep—Live weight	4 @	4½
Lambs	6¾ @	6¾
Hogs—Northern	7 @	7¼

PHILADELPHIA.

Flour—Penn. extra family	3 75 @	8 87½
Wheat—No. 2, Red	80¾ @	90
Corn—State Yellow	57¾ @	58
Oats Mixed	39¾ @	40¾
Rye—State	52¾ @	53
Butter—Creamery Extra	22 @	23
Cheese—N. Y. Full Cream	12¾ @	13

THE BRIDGE OF DEATH.

An Alpine Guide's Sad Fate—Dangers to Be Avoided.

One day in August, in the summer of 1864, two Austrian noblemen were crossing the Grand Plateau in their descent of one of the loftiest mountains of Switzerland. They had crossed the Grand Crevasse in the morning by a snow bridge which, though apparently insecure, carried them safely over. They reached it again on their return late in the afternoon. The leading guide had advanced to the middle of the bridge, when, to the consternation of his fellow travelers, he suddenly disappeared from their sight. The bridge had fallen beneath his weight; he had proceeded with too little caution, and had disappeared forever in the abyss below. They tied together ropes and let them down into the crevasse, but no hand seized them, no voice arose from the darkness.

How few of us realize the importance of trifles, or that incidents which in themselves seem wholly insignificant lead oftentimes to most momentous results. A single grain of sand holds in a vise-like grip the delicate mechanism of your most reliable time-piece.

The business man, tied down to his absorbing cares, goes home at night with a throbbing brow and a lame back. This continues a day or two and he remarks to his wife that he is so overworked he thinks he had better take something to brace him up a little. He tries a tonic and for a few days feels better. He flatters himself he is well. Poor man, how little he realizes that the trifling indisposition was a voice warning him that the tired and overworked kidneys, the most important primary organs of the system, had ceased to perform their proper functions. They no longer eliminate properly the waste matter of the system, and uric acid accumulates.

That means disease. The body cannot be healthy unless it be free from this poison. If the blood channels become vitiated with it, as they must be unless it is carried out of the system, the man is liable to disapear from the walks of life almost as suddenly as the guide who went down with the insecure but unsuspected bridge. So many of the ordinary diseases, so called, are the direct results of the action of this poison that it is difficult to tell how one will be carried away.

This was precisely the experience of Herman Urban of the celebrated firm of safe manufacturers, McNeale & Urban, of Cincinnati, O. He has always been a very active business man, and has overcome many commercial difficulties, but about five years ago he began to run down with a sort of general debility, headache, want of spirit and nervousness. "I am," he remarks, "more than anxious that other business men, worn down and likely to be overcome by kidney disease whose manifestations are so mysterious that they